

The Times

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PRICE SINGLE PART-FOURTEEN PAGES 3 CENTS.

LOS ANGELES

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 15, 1898.

ON STREETS AND TRAINS 5 CENTS

THEATERS—

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATER— G. M. WOOD, Lessee and Treas.
H. C. WYATT, Manager.
TODAY—MATINEE. Everybody says "It is the Greatest of them All."
TONIGHT—Last chance to see **MATHEWS AND BULGER**
"AT CAY CONEY ISLAND"
"You Have to Laugh"—S. F. Call. "It is to Laugh and you do it"—N. Y. Journal.
Seats now on sale. Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Tel. Main 70.

OPHEUM— Los Angeles Society Vaudeville Theater.
MATINEE TODAY—Any seat 25c; Children 10c; Gallery 5c.—Prof. Doherty's
Canine Circus. 10 Beautiful Snow-white Poodles. Carletta, World's Greatest Contor-
nist. DeM. Felix. Miniature Vaudeville Circus. Clown, Ponies, Baboon, Etc. John
I. Boyd and Walter F. Ora. Grottesque Acrobatic Comedians. Positively last week of Old
Hayden. Cita, Vesuviano Quartette, the marvelous Servas Leroy, illusionist and
magician. Prices never changing—Evening, reserved seats, 25c and 50c; gallery, 10c.
Regular Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Telephone Main 1447.

BURBANK THEATER— JOHN G. FISHER, Manager.
TONIGHT, Remainder of Week—THE SHAW COMPANY, in the Yankee
Farmer Comedy,
"OLD FARMER STEBBINS."
SATURDAY MAT. "Rip Van Winkle" A Roaring, Rousing Rally of Fun
Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Telephone Main 1270.

MUSEMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

CALIFORNIA LIMITED— Beginning
Sunday, January 23
VIA SANTA FE ROUTE
Leaves Los Angeles 8:00 a.m. Sunday, Tuesday and Friday.
Leaves Pasadena 8:25 a.m. Sunday, Tuesday and Friday.
Arrive Kansas City 6:40 p.m. Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.
Arrive St. Louis 7:00 a.m. Wednesday, Friday and Monday.
Arrive Chicago 9:43 a.m. Wednesday, Friday and Monday.
This splendid train is for first-class travel only, but there is no extra charge beyond
the regular ticket and sleeping-car rate. Dining-cars serve breakfast leaving Los
Angeles. Vestibuled and electric lighted.

KITE-SHAPED TRACK— Done in a day on the
Tuesdays.
In addition to the regular train service the Santa Fe runs on every Tuesday a special
express train, taking in Redlands, Riverside and the beauties of Santa Ana Canyon.
Leaves Los Angeles at 9 a.m.; leaves Pasadena 9:25 a.m. Returning arrives at Los
Angeles at 6:25 p.m.; Pasadena 6:50 p.m., giving two hours stop at both Redlands and
Riverside.

THE OBSERVATION CAR
On this train affords pleasant opportunity for seeing the sights.
San Diego and Coronado Beach.
The most beautiful spot in the world.
Two daily trains, carrying parlor cars, make the run in about four hours from Los
Angeles. The ride is delightful, carrying you for seventy miles along the Pacific
Ocean beach.
Santa Fe Route Office 200 Spring St., cor. of Second.

VIA SOUTHERN PACIFIC—
Sunset Limited
STEAM HEATED, GAS LIGHTED, VESTIBULED.
Chicago. Dining-car meals a la
carte. Ladies' parlor and com-
partment cars—mains in at-
tendance. Composite buffet
cars with bath and barber—the only California train containing these features.
Sunset Limited Annex via New Orleans and Piedmont
Air Line. Continuous dining-car service and through double drawing-room sleeping
cars San Francisco to New Orleans. Sleeping cars carried on Sunset Limited west
of El Paso. Through sleeping
cars New Orleans to Los Angeles.
Ar. Los Angeles 10:30 a.m. Tuesday and Friday.
Ar. St. Louis 7:35 a.m. Friday and Monday.
Ar. Chicago 4 p.m. Friday and Monday.
Ar. Washington 1:47 p.m. Saturday and Tuesday.
Ar. New York 8:33 p.m. Saturday and Tuesday.
Ar. Los Angeles 10:30 a.m. Tuesday and Friday.
Ar. New Orleans 7:35 a.m. Friday and Monday.
Ar. Washington 9:25 p.m. Saturday and Tuesday.
Ar. New York 6:23 a.m. Sunday and Wednesday.

HAZARD'S PAVILION—Extra—
TONIGHT, JAN. 15,
And Every Night at 8:45 for Six Nights.
MR. W. B. C. MEWBURN has the honor of pre-
sented to the public of Los Angeles the World-
Renowned
HORSE SHOW
THE HORSE KING.
In the most instructive-educational exhibition of Horsemanship in the world. Entire
performance given with Victorious Horses.
ADMISSION Only 15 cents. PRICES RESERVED SEATS Only 10c extra
Grand Band Concert from 7:30 to 8:45 p.m.

AGRICULTURAL PARK— F. D. BLACK, Lessee and Manager.
HARES AND HOUNDS
CONTINUOUS COURSE SUNDAY, commencing at 10:30 a.m., Rain or Shine.
HORSE VS. BICYCLE
Five-mile Race between Robert Hackney's great running horse, PRINCE HOOKER,
and a Tandem Bicycle ridden by Palmer and Lacy, providing that weather is favor-
able and track is in good condition, for a purse of \$100. Admission 25 cents. Ladies
free. Take Main-street cars to Park. Music by Seventh Regiment Band.

STRICT FARM—South Pasadena—
THE FIRST
BABY OSTRICH
From Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland's nest was hatched yesterday.
Now is the time to visit the farm, all the birds being in full plumage.
SNOW, SNOW— THREE FEET DEEP AT ALPINE TAVERN
MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY EXCURSIONS, Thursday, Friday, Saturday and
Sunday, Jan. 13, 14, 15, 16, \$2.50. Los Angeles over entire line Mt. Lowe Railway
and return. Grandest combination on earth, from roses and oranges into snow
in 30 minutes. Office 214 Spring Street. Telephone, Main 960.

LITTLE PALOMA SCHRAMM—
In Pasadena, Jan. 14 and 15.

MISCELLANEOUS—
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS—
Hotel Westminster.
Refurnished and Rebuilt. American and European Plan.
Steam Heat in Every Room. F. O. JOHNSON, Prop.

PHOTOGRAPHS— Speak for Themselves.
FOURTEEN MEALS. Unquestionable Indorsements.
Studio 220 1/2 South Spring, opposite Hollenbeck.
ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS— Gold Refiners and Assayers.
Analysis of any material (either organic or inorganic) made with prompt-
ness and accuracy. Qualitative or Quantitative. SMITH & IRVING, (for-
merly W. T. Smith & Co.) 128 N. Main St., Room 8. Phone, Brown, 313.

**GREATEST VARIETY IN THE CITY—BLACK-OUT, MANZANILLA, CAL-
IFORNIA and Imported Green. Lowest prices.
LUDWIG & MATTHEWS, Mott Market.**

SMOOTHY FLED

Subpoena for H. H. Boyce
Hangs Fire.

Investigation of the Columbus
Scandal Delayed.

Senator Hanna and Dick to Be
Summoned.

House Committee to Probe into the
Charges not Yet Appointed—Bel-
liefs That the Bribery Charge
Was a Democratic Trick.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
COLUMBUS (O.), Jan. 14.—[Exclu-
sive Dispatch.] A subpoena calling H.
H. Boyce before the Senate Investi-
gating Committee next Tuesday night
is in the hands of John J. Brady, ser-
geant-at-arms of the Senate, but
Boyce cannot be found, and probably
will not be. The Senate committee
consists of Senators Garfield, son of
the late President; Burke, the anti-
Hanna Republican; Robertson, Long
and Finck, the latter three being
Democrats. The committee has also
summoned Senator Hanna, Maj.
Dick, S. H. Hollenbeck, member of the
State Executive Committee of the Re-
publicans; Chairman H. M. Daugherty
of the Republican State Central Com-
mittee, T. C. Campbell, Representa-
tive, J. C. Otis, Jerry H. Bliss and
E. B. Archer.

The House Committee of Investiga-
tion has not yet been appointed by
Speaker Mason. A proposition has
been made to combine the two com-
mittees, and make but one investiga-
tion, but the Democrats will not agree
to it.

The Republicans believe that the
whole matter is a cleverly-devised
scheme by the Democrats, to throw a
cloud of suspicion over Senator Hanna
on the eve of the Senatorial election
to drive away from the Senator the
votes of Droste and Lane, the Cin-
cinnati fusionists, which elected him.
Committee man Hollenbeck went to
Cincinnati on legitimate business. On
this fact, with Boyce's connivance, the
Democrats constructed the set of facts
upon which the whole bribery charge
is based. It is even believed that Rep-
resentative Otis himself is a dupe in
the scheme, when he thinks a gen-
uine attempt to bribe him was made.

KURTZ TALKS BACK.
Says He Cannot Be Removed Ex-
cept by the Delegation.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
COLUMBUS (O.), Jan. 14.—C. L.
Kurtz, leader of the "combines" in the
fight against Senator Hanna is quoted
in an interview as saying, in reply to
the threat to remove him from the
Republican National Committee, "I
was elected by the Ohio delega-
tion, and no one else has the power
to remove me. H. M. Daugherty is
loud in his accusation against me. He
calls me a traitor. I remember that
five years ago Mr. Daugherty was
elected to the Legislature as a Foraker
man, and then voted for Sherman."
Daugherty, in an interview tonight,
denies that he promised to vote for
Foraker five years ago. He says that
he voted for the so-called Foraker can-
didate for Speaker of the House at that
time, but that he was not pledged to
Foraker.

LIBEL SUITS THROWN OUT.
New York Judge Objects to Having
a Crowded Calendar.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]
NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Judge La-
combe of the United States Circuit
Court, by a decision has thrown out of
court the suits brought by the United
Associated Press and President Brewer
of the association against fifty news-
papers all over the country, charged
with libel. Judge Lacombe says: "Here
we have nearly fifty libel suits, all
brought by the same parties against
scattered States, with no suggestion
that the libel was ever published or
circulated here by defendants, or that
they have ever done anything more in
the way of business here than to solicit
advertisements through some advertis-
ing agent, who has no control over the
rates to be charged or the space to be
given. Probably there are but few
newspapers in the United States that
do not publish advertisements originat-
ing in this city or that do not solicit
such advertisements here. If this and
the adjoining southern districts are
for that reason to be considered the
proper forum for suits against the
owners of such newspapers, wherever
they may reside and conduct their busi-
ness in publishing and circulating such
papers, it seems probable that our caseload
may be seriously overburdened."

"DOWN WITH ZOLA"
He Arouses the Righteous Indigna-
tion of French Gentiles.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]
PARIS, Jan. 14.—[By Atlantic Ca-
ble.] There was a renewal this even-
ing of the anti-Zola demonstrations,
when a band of students paraded the
Boulevard St. Michael, howling
"Down with Zola! Down with the
Jew!" The police dispersed the
students. Banners were exchanged be-
tween the rioters and officers.
Later the students reassembled
across the River Seine and descended
the boulevards. The people on the
boulevards joined in the cries of the
students.
The police finally dispersed the
students on the Avenue de l'Opera.

INDIAN FINANCIAL PROBLEM.

Bill for the Issuance of Currency

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]
CALCUTTA, Jan. 14.—[By Indian
and Atlantic Cable.] Sir James West-
land, the finance minister of the
Council, introduced a bill today pro-
viding for the issuance of currency
notes in India against gold. Mr. Ar-
thur, the paid Secretary of State in
London, on behalf of the banks and
Chamber of Commerce, indorsed the
measure. The Finance Minister said
the Indian money market was experi-
encing a period of extreme stringency.
The local resources, he added,
were unable to supply the de-
mands of trade. The scarcity, he
explained, was due to the banks re-
mitting their capital home and keep-
ing as little as possible in India. This
policy was adopted before the legisla-
tion of 1893, and was not in conse-
quence of that legislation. But, while
they were advancing toward the at-
tainment of a 16d. rupee, the success
militated against the transfer of
sterling capital to India in exchange.
The banks must operate upon com-
mercial principles, and no blame was
attached to them.

WONDERFUL FIGURES.

A MILLION TONS OF STEEL HAVE
BEEN ORDERED.

This Means That Many of the Large
Manufacturers Have Their Output
Sold as Far Ahead as October.
Prosperity With a Vengeance.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]
CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—[Exclusive Dis-
patch.] The commercial prosperity
which is returning to the entire coun-
try has established a new record. Dur-
ing the two opening weeks of the new
year the steel manufacturers booked
orders for approximately 1,000,000 tons.
If added proof were needed that the
renewed prosperity is not chimerical,
here it is with a vengeance. This fig-
ure means that the output of many of
the larger manufacturing plants, em-
ploying an army of men, is sold out as
far ahead as October. Never before
have steel-rail producers known such
an opening of a season and a year.

The Chicago and Northwestern Com-
pany, the Chicago, Rock Island and
Pacific, and the Union Pacific are
among the roads which are known to
be heavy buyers of steel rails, and
which are planning to improve their
roadbeds and extend their lines of
traffic and interlacing systems to meet
transportation demands. Another en-
couraging fact comes from the charac-
ter of the bookings referred to. In
nearly every case of large orders, the
heavy rails have been in demand. The
quality sought is of the best.

Manufacturers have been amazed at
the eagerness with which their prod-
ucts have been snapped up. Local
steel manufacturers have sold, just so
far in advance that they are now in a
position to refuse orders at the ruling
price, \$18 per ton, and are demand-
ing \$20.

CHINESE MUST GO.
He Didn't Go, and a Small Riot Oc-
curred at New York.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]
NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Several hun-
dred laundrymen are on a strike in
this city. Jacob Bitterman, proprietor
of a Water-street laundry, hired
twenty Chinese to work in his shop.
The strikers sent a committee to pro-
test to Tom Lee, the Mayor of Chinatown,
and also sent a number
of girl strikers to ask the "unfair"
Chinaman to stop work, but all in
vain. The strikers, having obtained a
permit from the Chief of Police, had
a parade. More than 1000 men, women
and girls marched in the parade, and
there were bands of ten pieces. Among
the banners carried by the strikers was
a red shirt, six feet long and four feet
wide, bearing the words, "We are
fighting for liberty."
As the Chinese left Bitterman's shop
last night about fifty men, friends of
the discharged ironers, lay in wait for
them in doorways near by. The Chi-
nese were taken unawares, and were
clubbed and knocked about promiscu-
ously. Most of them were cut about
the head, and their eyes were black-
ened. The police finally rescued the
Chinese, and arrested two of their as-
sailants.

THE MONETARY CONVENTION.

Expectation of a Large Attendance

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]
INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 14.—The list
of delegates appointed by boards of
trade and commercial organizations to
the monetary convention, number to-
day 172. The Executive Committee
feels assured that the total number
will not fall below 200, there being
quite a number of large cities that
have delayed selecting delegates. The
convention of one year ago contained
280 delegates, and the committee con-
gratulates itself that the interest has
not fallen off, but has increased with
the prospects of positive results.
The work preparatory to the con-
vention is being pushed at all points.
The only committee that remains to
be appointed is one on reception. This
will consist of nearly two hundred
delegates. E. Stuart Pattison of Phila-
delphia, who presided at the conven-
tion a year ago, will act as temporary
chairman, and call the first meeting
together.

ANGLO-GERMAN LOAN.

Prospect Creating a Friendly Feel-
ing Between the Two Countries.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]
BERLIN, Jan. 14.—[By Atlantic Ca-
ble.] The press is greatly excited in
the discussion of a joint Anglo-Ger-
man loan to China. The suggestion is
cavalierly welcomed, and since it was
mooted a distinctly friendlier feeling
toward England has been adopted, ap-
proaching open flattery.
It is said that the Emperor of China
has ordered Li Hung Chang, with a
large suite, to go to Tientsin to wel-
come Prince Henry of Prussia (now
en route) and to escort him to Peking.
In official circles it is believed that
the government will not adopt protec-
tive measures in Kiaochow against
foreign trade.

ALL IS QUIET.

But Our Battleships are
Nearing Cuba.

A Formidable Fleet Proceeding
to Florida Coast.

Officials Deny That There is Any
Hostile Intent.

Merely the Usual Maneuvers of the
Squadron—United States De-
nounced by Rioters in Havana.
Story of an Eye-witness.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The last
news of the day from Consul-General
Lee came to the State Department
about 2 o'clock and was at once sent
over to the White House. It went to
confirm the previous report and was a
simple statement by Gen. Lee that at
noon all was quiet at Havana.

ORDERS TO THE SQUADRON.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—These or-
ders are made by Admiral Sigsbee, and
are issued in identical form to the
commanders of the various ships mak-
ing up the squadron. They are dated
at Fort Monroe, January 11, on board
the flagship New York, and begin as
follows:

"Sir: The squadron is to be pre-
pared to sail from Hampton Roads,
weather and contingent circumstances
permitting, with steam for ten knots,
at 10 a.m., on Saturday, January 15,
for the vicinity of the Dry Tortugas,
off the coast of Florida. Vessels will
unmoor in the morning watch, unless
signal shall be made to the contrary.
Squadron under sailing orders at 8 a.m.
The order of ships will be: First
division: (1) New York and (2) Iowa,
making the first section; (3) Massa-
chusetts and (4) Indiana, making the
second section. Second division: (5)
Texas, first section. The Fern will
proceed singly to Key West, unless other-
wise directed.

"The New York, Iowa and Indiana
will proceed from Hampton Roads to
the first section of the squadron, the
N. C., late 6:30 N., long 75:20 W., in
about fifteen fathoms of water, the
lightships bearing WSW 7-8 W. dis-
tance twenty-five miles, and will re-
main in that vicinity, weather permit-
ting, until noon, Sunday, the 16th. They
will then proceed to a second rendez-
vous off Cape Fear, N. C., in eighteen
fathoms of water, Friday, January 15,
when they will proceed to Dry Tortugas,
communicating possibly by some light-
draft vessel with Key West in passing
that day.

"It is expected that the Massa-
chusetts will leave the navy yard on Fri-
day, the 14th inst., and the Texas on
Saturday, the 15th inst. The Massa-
chusetts will endeavor to join the flag
squadron on Sunday, the 16th inst."

first on the Currituck rendezvous, and
if that shall be missed, then on the
Cape Fear rendezvous. It is hardly
expected that the Texas will be able to
join the flag on the Currituck rendez-
vous; therefore, directly the Massa-
chusetts joins there (prior to noon of
the 16th), the squadron will not then
await the Texas, but proceed to the
Cape Fear rendezvous, and there it is
expected that the Texas will be able to
go by 6 p.m. on Tuesday, January 18.
If the Massachusetts shall miss the
flag at both rendezvous, or any ship
be separated from the flag by weather
or other contingencies, the next, third
and final rendezvous will be the harbor
of Dry Tortugas, where they will await
the flag.

While the squadron is on the Flor-
ida drill ground, which will include oc-
casional anchorages in Dry Tortugas
Harbor, the post and telegraphic ad-
dress will be Key West.

"The above dates for sailing and ren-
dezvous are subject to change due to
the completion of repairs to vessels at
New York, or to heavy weather at
the Brooklyn, Maine or other
vessels participate in the drills on the
Florida drill grounds, detailed orders
would be given. It is not intended that
any of the battleships or armored
cruisers (except the Maine) shall en-
ter the harbor of Key West, except by
special order of the commander-in-
chief, or in case of emergency."

MARLBOROUGH LEAVES KEY WEST
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
JACKSONVILLE, Jan. 14.—A spe-
cial to the Times-Union and Citizen
from Key West, Fla., says that the
Marlbrough sailed tonight at 10:45. The
Maine received telegraphic instruc-
tions previous to the sailing of the
Marlbrough.

STORY OF AN EYE-WITNESS.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]
NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—A dispatch to
the World from Tampa, Fla., says that
among the passengers from Havana
was W. L. Fulton, a cattle dealer, who
had just started in Havana he was near
the first newspaper office attacked. He
says the mob was led by officers of the
Spanish volunteers, who had become
enraged over the Antomoniist articles in
the papers. They attacked the office of
La Discusion and La Lucha de la Ma-
rina, totally wrecking them.

News of the riot reached Blanco, and
he sent officers from his personal staff
to quell the mob. There was a platoon
of regulars in charge of a Spanish col-
onel, and as soon as they saw the mob
they opened fire and made a demonstra-
tion against him. Words ensued, and some
of the volunteers slapped the colonel's
face. He was then seized and his
hands were tied off and trampled on the
ground. The crowd all the time was
crying "Viva Spain."

The colonel's uniform was torn off.
The crowd then proceeded to the office
of La Lucha, a semi-government or-
gan, and smashed its presses and
threw the type into the streets. El
Reconcentrado suffered the same fate
a few moments later. This was all done
because these papers favored auton-
omy.

About ten minutes before the Olive-
tree, on which Fulton sailed, left Havana,
a passenger was brought aboard who
said that as he was leaving the pier he
heard that an American woman had
been shot during the riot.

WEYLER'S FRIENDS THE CAUSE.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]
NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—A dispatch to
the Herald from Madrid says that the
riots which occurred in Havana have
much significance. An officer, a strong
Weylerite, who was to have been
(CONTINUED ON SIXTH PAGE.)

A.P.A.'S FOOLS.

Senator White Denounces
the Order.

McKenna's Nomination Urged by
the Californian.

Confirmation or Rejection Takes
Place Friday.

House Takes Up Private Bills to-
Morrow. A Debate on Cuba—Ex-
position Cruise—Gold-fields—Wep-
Methodist Book Agent's Claim.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Almost the
entire four hours of the executive ses-
sion of the Senate today were devoted
to the indirect consideration of the
nomination of Hon. Joseph McKenna,
now Attorney-General, to be Associate
Justice of the Supreme Court. The dis-
cussion was the result of an effort on
the part of Senator Allen of Nebraska
to secure a postponement for two
weeks. In the end a compromise was
reached, deferring consideration until
a week from today, on the condition
that the Nebraska Senator should agree
to allow a vote to be taken on that
date. The Hawaiian treaty was not
touched upon during the session.

The delay was a victory for Sen-
ator McKenna, who had been nomi-
nated by Senator Hoar, chairman of the
committee on Judiciary, who called up
the nomination in accordance with his
notice of yesterday, and asked for im-
mediate action. In doing this, Mr. Hoar
spoke directly on the opposition to Mr.
McKenna, saying that the Judiciary
Committee had investigated most of the
charges made and had reached the con-
clusion that they were without founda-
tion. He said that the greater number
of charges had been made by the mem-
bers of the American Protective Asso-
ciation, and as they had been founded
solely upon the fact that Mr. McKenna
was a Catholic in religion, they had
not been deemed worthy of serious con-
sideration.

Mr. Hoar dwelt at some length upon
these points, exhorting any mem-
ber who would attempt to inject a ques-
tion of religion into a controversy over a
man's fitness for office. He said that
such an effort was entirely un-Amer-
ican and unpatriotic, and should not
for a moment receive the consideration
of fair-minded men.

Mr. Hoar's speech was a triumph for
the effort of the A.P.A.'s as fools
who could not be properly character-
ized in the Senate. He had no pa-
tience, he said, with the men who
opinion that Catholics must necessarily
consult the Pope or some other high
functionary of the Catholic church in
every important transaction of their
lives, and added that he was convinced
that the Senate would not be influ-
enced for a moment by such repre-
sentations. He said that the A.P.A.
of the A.P.A. would make. Mr. Mc-
Kenna's confirmation should depend
entirely upon different considerations.
As for himself, he did not con-
sider that Mr. McKenna was a giant in
his legal attainments, still he believed
him to be a honorable man, a com-
petent lawyer and a just jurist, and
he would support his confirmation.
It was here that Mr. Allen interposed
an objection to immediate action.
When his request was denied, he de-
layed, and he took the floor and
proceeded to give his reasons for the
request, which were in the main that
he wanted, and he thought that the
Senate should have more time for con-
sideration than had been given to it. He
called attention to the importance of
the office to which Mr. McKenna was
being appointed, and said that the place
which he would occupy probably during
the remainder of his life, and that
the Senate and the American public
had a right to know the character of
the man who was to be placed in that
office.

He said that, so far as the opposition
of the A.P.A. was concerned, it did
not influence him in the least, and he
agreed with all that had been said as
to the impropriety of any interference
in a matter of this character on ac-
count of the religious prejudices of
the members. There were still other
charges which were in his mind far
more serious, and to prove that such
was the case, he read an attack upon
McKenna's record as an attorney and ju-
rist on the ground of want of legal at-
tainments.

The greater part of Mr. Allen's
speech was devoted to reading those
documents. He called especial atten-
tion to an attack made by the New
York Herald, and said that he was
deserving of more scrutiny than
had been given it. He also stated
that he had understood that the
charges had been made in a large cor-
poration, and that the charges were
being made in a large corporation.
He thought this matter should be looked
into more thoroughly than the Senate
had had opportunity to do. Mr. Allen
disclaimed any intention to father any
of the charges made, but asserted that
his sole purpose was to secure investi-
gation. He added that he might himself vote for Mr.
McKenna's confirmation, but said that
before doing so, he desired to be con-
vinced that the charges were without
foundation. He said that Mr. McKenna's character as
a jurist was without foundation.

It was 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon
before the debate on the McKenna matter
was concluded. The McKenna matter
will be taken up next Friday, and by general
consent the Senate postponed consid-
eration of the Hawaiian treaty until
next Monday.

DAY IN THE HOUSE.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—It was the
intention of the House managers to
proceed with the Diplomatic and Con-

CLAY'S YOUNG WIFE

BARELY ESCAPES DEATH AT

TO OPPOSE HIM.

**Trouble Grew Out of the Attention
Paid to the Youthful Dora by
Willie Bryant—Latter is
Driven Away.**

VALLEY VIEW (Ky.) Jan. 14.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Gen. Cassius M. Clay's young wife Clara barely escaped death at 11:30 o'clock this morning at the hands of her brother, Clell Richardson, at whose house she had been boarding ever since she left the general, two months ago. Clell fired two shots at her with a large pistol at a distance of twenty paces, and then fired a shot at Mrs. John Bryant, his mother-in-law, who was with her. Dora ran to the home of her sister

Mrs. Kelley, about a mile distant where she is stopping tonight. Mr. Bryant attempted to communicate with Gen. Clay, but failed. When Cle heard that Dora had gone to Mr. Kelley's, he sent Mrs. Kelley word that he would kill her if she allowed Dora

Dora that he would kill her unless she quit the house. Cluell's brothers, John and Tom Richardson, are guarding the house tonight, and swear they will kill Cluell if he makes any attempt to carry out his threat.

The shooting came up over William Bryant, Clell's brother-in-law, who has made Clell's house his home for the past six months. Clell has been sick for a week, and while confined to his house, he noticed that Bryant paid too much attention to Dora. He had a quarrel with him yesterday, and does not know what to expect.

quarrel with him yesterday, and drove him away. Mrs. Bryant heard of the treatment her son had received, and came to see Clell this morning in order to persuade him to allow Willie to return. She had a long interview with Clell, but he would not agree to take Willie back and when Dora spoke up

Immediately after they had left he secured his revolver, and, going to the door, opened fire on them. Clell is a desperate character, and so far the of

Can't Get State's Evidence.
GENOA (Nev.), Jan. 14.—Progress slow in the Ueber lynching case, as efforts to secure State's evidence have proved futile. Two persons accused

proved futile. Two persons accused participation in the lynching, Maso Crummas and Olle Hogener, were placed on the stand, but firmly protested their innocence. Minor evidence was given against a number, and a batch of subpoenae was sent today to Dayton and to Diamond Valley mills.

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W. R. Rice, Ventura; George W. Conroy, Mrs. L. M. Stevens, W. H. Daniels, James J. Cronin and wife, E. A. Preble, San Francisco; W. C. Price, Oakland; E. P. Gray, San Francisco; S. W. Scott, New York; Mr. and Mrs. Curry, Niagara Falls.

Wetherly, San Francisco; H. C. Wentworth, Hemet; J. Bernard, Pasadena; Herman Stern, Anaheim; W. H. Mayne, Santa Ana; Mrs. L. W. Keys, San Francisco; Miss M. D. McGuire, Miss L. H. Northrop, Orange; L. Hanson, San Francisco; M. Lukenheimer, Mar-

and Mrs. Mattin, New York; Phil Joseph, W. A. Davis, San Francisco; V. Ham, Oregon City, Or.; Dr. Weldon, San Pedro; P. B. Morrison, Findlay, O.; E. M. Churchill, Exton; George W. Chrenan, C. L. Christido

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M. D., wife and child, E. C. Humphrey, Denver, F. H. Rindge, Santa Monica, A. McC. Hardenburgh, New Brunswick; Mrs. and Mrs. Sherwood, Ascut. Eng.; F. C. Stainford, San Francisco; J. H. Benham, Monrovia; Mrs. E. C.

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Sciences, held at Paris on December 13

cold. W5

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AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES—In Gay Cony Island. ORPHEUM. Vaudeville. BURBANK—Old Farmer Stebbins.

THE "TIMES" MIDWINTER NUMBER.

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AN INVESTIGATION DEMANDED.

The circumstances surrounding the Senatorial election in Ohio are such as to demand a thorough and searching investigation of the whole matter by the Legislature, and it is to be hoped that the investigation which has been or is about to be begun will be of that character. Charges and counter-charges of bribery have been made on both sides, to such an extent that an investigation is imperatively demanded. The truth and falsity of these charges should be fully revealed, if possible, to the end that the guilty may be punished and the innocent vindicated, according to their deserts.

If it can be shown that Senator Hanna resorted to bribery in order to secure his reelection, not he alone, but every one of his accomplices in guilt, should feel the weight of the law's heaviest penalty. If, on the other hand, it shall appear that the opponents of Senator Hanna have resorted to bribery to accomplish his defeat, their punishment should be as severe and speedy. If the investigation shall show that these charges and counter-charges were without a substantial foundation in truth, all parties concerned will be entitled to the widest possible publication of that fact.

In the interests of public morality and of common decency, the facts bearing upon this matter, to the minutest relevant details, should be unearthed. Mr. Hanna himself, if he be innocent of the charges brought against him, should court the most searching investigation. He can only reveal to the world the imputation of having employed corrupt and criminal expedients to secure his reelection. If the charges against him are permitted to go unrefuted, his usefulness and influence as a United States Senator will be seriously impaired, if not wholly destroyed.

If, therefore, Mr. Hanna be innocent of wrong in this matter, he will not only favor a thorough investigation of the charges of bribery, but he will insist upon it, and will aid it in every possible manner. The developments of the next few days will be watched with unusual interest.

TRIUMPHANT JUSTICE.

The press of the country is having much to say on the Durrant case, renewed attention having been given to it by the closing act in the drama of farce, high comedy and tragedy which for nearly three years plagued the good people of California and the nation. Among others, the New York Mail and Express of January 8 ventures some observations which are so sound and timely that they are deemed worth repeating. It says:

"If there is any moral in the case of Durrant, the murderer who was executed in California yesterday, it is that justice still has the vitality to enforce its penalties in spite of the law's delay. Durrant was a brutal and heartless wretch, distinguished from other murderers only by his greater cunning and by his ability to enlist the mistaken sympathy of a certain class of emotional sentimentalists who are always ready in every neighborhood to bestow their faint smiles upon the picturesque outlaws of society. Through their support and with the assistance of clever lawyers, whose genius in pleading legal technicalities was worthy of a better cause, Durrant was able to evade the explanation of his crimes for more than two years, but the end came at last, and the felon's death affords the final vindication of law and justice. Any other ending of this remarkable case would have been a mockery."

Mr. Bryan has had his picture taken in the midst of wearing one of those Mexican sombreros of wide dimensions and weighing something like eight pounds. A sign of this portrait is enough to convince the most hardened Republican that there is the man for President, "you better life."

The long drawn out defense in the case against School Director Webb is about finished, but it is not clear that anything has been brought out to change the opinion of the grand jury of the people of Los Angeles on the subject. The defense has been a case of "much cry and little wool."

of contemporaneous thought and information. The undertaking is a novel one, and its possibilities of success appear to be unlimited.

The Stockton Mail does have lucid moments at times, and as a matter of fact, it is generally clear-headed on the subject of yellow journals. This little bit is very clever: "The Examiner seems to be falling off in enterprise. Yesterday it printed the story of Post Miller and his frozen ear, and there was neither an exclusive photograph of the ear, nor a cross marking the spot where the ear fell when it came off, nor even a side view of Post Miller's head without an ear." It also omitted to print a picture of the weather that froze the ear.

Another alleged Los Angeles woman has succeeded in gaining notoriety in the East, having so far stated, chased a man all the way across the continent from this city, but the chances are that the lady in the case never saw Los Angeles. Whenever those eastern fellows have a scaly case on their hands they locate the offender as having come from here, which is not right. We are a gentle, ladylike people, who never do naughty things, or at least, hardly ever, and it is improper to attribute naughtiness to us. Let the East father its own black sheep.

The New York Mail and Express wisely says: "Certain statesmen calling themselves 'free-silver' Republicans, have come forward in the Senate to obstruct in Ohio. These men are brazen impostors. There are no Republicans of that description."

This is right to a dot. The "free-silver Republican" is an assistant Democrat, a midnight marauder, a guerrilla who wears the uniform of the enemy he is fighting. Let the outfit be annihilated!

Mr. Bland (Silver Dick) of Missouri has chased himself out of his cave after a long hunting season and introduced a free-silver bill in Congress. It will doubtless be a surprise to a good many people to learn that Richard is himself again and not an angel and with the angels standing, a crown of thorns upon his forehead and Richard busily Bland-ing.

Senator Frye is in favor of annexation, as might be expected. This is the same Senator who made such a high picture exhibition of himself in making Collis P. Huntington's fight in the Senate against San Pedro Harbor. The people of Southern California will not be likely to call for any further bill of particulars in this particular case.

Senator Morgan maintains that the Kanakas are a picturesque people and therefore they "would be much better off under a government by the United States." Perhaps, but how about the United States? We have picturesque people already in this country who make the country very tired. Now, there is Senator Morgan, for instance!

The gentlemanly Mr. Griffith of the Ohio Legislature seems to have been the most difficult fopper to hold down on one side that the Buckeyes have had on their hands for some time. It is probable that the election of Senator Hanna was hurried somewhat in order to keep Mr. Griffith from flogging himself to death.

Mr. Andrew's balloon has again been "saw," this time up over in the Cariboo country in British Columbia. Affidavits are not available, for reasons too numerous to mention, the chief one being that the Justice of the Peace of the section was likewise too full at the time, probably, to be able to draw up the papers.

A bill has been introduced in Congress to publish and distribute 150,000 copies of the "horse book." The Silver Republicans will have good cause to roar if a like effort is not made to get the "mule book" in circulation. The double standard forever! Three cheers for the free and unlimited cologne of mules, without the consent of any other nation on God Almighty's green earth!

David B. Hill has been heard from at last, having dragged himself from the wreck and ruin to utter these feeble words: "But I voted the Democratic ticket just the same." It is unfortunate that Mr. Hill did not revive long enough to say which Democratic ticket before again lapsing into unconsciousness.

Col. Henri Watterson is of the opinion that there will be several Democratic parties in the field in 1900, and what seems to be worrying Henri is just where to get in. It probably does not much matter, as the line of march will be through a slaughter-house into an open grave, as usual.

The Ohio Legislature made but a feeble showing in its attempt to be Recharitable. It started out all right, but fell down just as the populace expected the warriors to begin hurling language and other articles of virtue. Well, thank goodness we are insured to disappointment.

Senator Teller declares that it is his purpose to destroy the Republican party. Ah, Henry! Greaser men than you have tried that, but the goop is still right here, doing business at the old stand. Believe us, Senator, you have undertaken an army contract.

The culture of the almond is fast pushing its way into recognition as one of the important industries of Southern California. An able and carefully-prepared article upon this subject, by A. R. Sprague, is published in the Midwinter Number of The Times.

A unique publication is to be launched in New York on the 15th of February. It will be known as The Newspaper Magazine, and will be devoted almost wholly to the publication of the best articles that appear from day to day in the newspapers of the country. It is evident that the list of contributors to the Newspaper Magazine will be large and varied. The aim will be to condense into magazine form the best thoughts of newspaper writers on subjects of current interest. This plan will necessarily embrace a wide range of topics, and will make of the publication a veritable treasure-house.

The Chicago Tribune asserts that the nominal salary goes to Mayor

Van Wyck. It is just as well, brother, not to be too sure of that. Mr. Croker is not overlooking even a white chip.

Prince, the assassin of Actor Terrell in London, has been adjudged insane, but it is safe to say that he will not be turned loose, after the American method, to do more murder.

Mr. Griffith of Ohio certainly succeeded in making a fool of himself, with Mrs. Griffith a close second. It ought to be a mighty well-matched family, from all appearances.

If the road agent wants to do business with the returning Klondikers, he will be compelled to transform himself into a water agent, or lose his game.

Actor Ratcliffe appears to be unable to retain his six months' engagement in the penitentiary any better than he was with sundry theatrical troupes.

The trouble with that dark horse in Ohio, seems to have been that he didn't get out to the track in time to get into the race.

The latest news from Chicago is that it is proposed to stand the river up on end and turn it into a monument.

The Cripple Creek (Colo.) Morning Times has an excellent review of the mineral wealth and rapid development of that country in its New Year's number.

Another one of those murderer Dumas has turned up, this time in Massachusetts. He is what A. Ward would call "a ubiquitous cuss."

RECENT LEGAL DECISIONS.

Important and Interesting Points Decided by Courts.

The liability of a railroad company for injury to a young child which strays upon the track because of the lack of a fence is sustained in *Roswell vs. St. Paul and Duluth Railroad Company*, (Mich., 37, L.R.A., 591,) overruling a prior decision to the effect that the railroad company was not liable exclusively for the protection of domestic animals.

The signature of a bill by the Governor after the adjournment of the Legislature, if within ten days after its passage, although that was more than sufficient in *Detroit vs. Chapin* (Mich., 37, L.R.A., 391,) under the Michigan Constitution providing that a bill shall be signed by the Governor within ten days after its passage, excepted, after it has been presented to him, and that within five days after its passage he may sign any act passed during the last five days of the session. With the case is a note reviewing the conflicting authorities as to the right of the executive to sign a bill after the adjournment of the Legislature.

Running an electric car on an unusually rapid rate—much faster than crossing, when the usual rate was from twelve to fourteen miles per hour, in *Evansville Street Railway Company vs. Gentry*, (Ind., 37, L.R.A., 378,) is held to be such negligence as constitutes less than wanton and reckless disregard of human life. But it is held that the negligence was not the cause of a man killed by the car and found about 45 feet from the crossing, which he had stepped from another car.

The exemption of a street railway from a license tax is held, in *Springfield vs. Smith* (Mo., 37, L.R.A., 416,) not to be granted by or derived from the privilege of operating the road for a term of years, if the license tax is imposed under statutory authority, although the franchise is not subject to forfeiture for non-payment.

Driving a fire truck to a fire so rapidly that it is impossible to stop in time to avoid a collision is held, in *Garrity vs. Detroit Citizens Street Railway Company* (Mich., 37, L.R.A., 629,) to constitute negligence on the part of the driver, although by the city ordinance he has the right of way.

Assessment of the property of an express company within the State by including the values of intangible property due to the fact that the property is a part of a large profit-producing plant extending into other States, is held constitutional in *Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express vs. Crawford County* (W. Va., 37, L.R.A., 412.)

Money and securities kept in the State for buying and selling property and making loans and investments are held to be business, in *Buckley vs. Miller* (Ind., 37, L.R.A., 384,) and caused approval whether the owner is domiciled in the State or not, and whether he conducts the business personally or by an agent.

Exemption of the hands of a receiver of a mutual benefit assessment society which has done business in various States is upheld in *Schmidt vs. J. L. (Ind., 37, L.R.A., 442.)* although the funds had been collected in other States and turned over to the receiver on the understanding that holders of certificates in the different States should be ratably paid.

The place at which a vessel is taxable is held, in *Johnson vs. De Barry* (Pa., 37, L.R.A., 319,) to be the place at which it is primarily and presumptively the port at which it is registered, and the vessels of a non-resident corporation are held to be taxable at the home port of the company, are held not to be taxable in another State.

The revocation of a will by the mere execution of a subsequent will without clause of revocation is denied, in *Cheever vs. North* (Mich., 37, L.R.A., 561,) but it is held that the destruction of the later will revokes the former one. With this case is an extensive review of the decision as to the revocation of a will by a subsequent will, and the refusal of the former by the destruction of the later.

Inability to comprehend the obligation of a note to understand and intelligently answer the questions put by the court upon voir dire examination is held, in *State vs. Meyers* (Neb., 37, L.R.A., 421,) to render a juror incompetent to testify as a witness. With the case are reviewed the decisions on the effect of insanity upon the competency of witnesses.

Engineers' Strike Doomed. LONDON, Jan. 14.—It is admitted on good authority that the end of the engineers' strike is not distant, though yesterday's rumors, which caused a rise in Scottish railway securities, were premature. It appears that the London engineers have consented to abandon their forty-eight-hour demands, but so far the North-England engineers have not consented, which justifies Barnes, secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, in joining the committee that have yielded.

Sugary Opponents. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—A petition protesting against the annexation of Hawaii, signed by 100 sugar-beet raisers of Ventura county, has been forwarded to Washington.

ALL IS QUIET.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

shipped home and who had been attacked in a newspaper for his bad conduct, went with some companions and wrote the office of the paper. He was immediately joined by large crowds of the revolutionary element, and they proceeded to wreck another newspaper office which was stopped by the police and the office arrested. He will be tried by court-martial.

The crowd increasing, the local volunteers were called out. The mob then dispersed with cries of "Long live Weyler!" "Down with Blanco, the United States and Autonomy!"

This public demonstration and the unbroken silence of the crowd are evidence not hitherto given, showing that the feeling of the revolutionaries when probed is equally bitter toward the Spanish government and the United States.

The government version issued is very brief. It says that all trouble is over, thanks to the loyalty of the volunteers, and that the city is quiet.

El Herald makes the greatest feature of all the papers, having a whole page, with a heading "Right across, Military Officers, Havana," and a cable dispatch from Havana says that a new law to prevent the press of Cuba, from attacking the Spanish army and officials will appear in the *Gaceta* this week.

CALM IN HAVANA.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Perfect calm prevails in Havana, according to dispatches received by Señor De Lome, the Spanish Minister, last night and this morning. One of these dispatches, filed at 1 o'clock this morning by Secretary-General Congosto, says: "The tumult has not been continued. Calm is preserved throughout the city. I believe that the normal condition is re-established. Fortunately there is not a single casualty that we have to regret."

The Minister has received a number of minor dispatches, all indicating an absence of disturbance, and that no apprehension is felt by the authorities. He has given directions that every development be communicated to him, and in view of this fact, does not credit a report that there was another outbreak yesterday, saying that any such outbreak would have been communicated to him, and that the report is a baseless one.

Unhappily originated either from a delay in the cablegram, or from the outbreak previously reported, or else that there was some minor disturbance of such a trivial character that it did not attract the attention of the officials of the Cuban government.

Later in the day, Señor De Lome received a cablegram, dated Havana, 10 o'clock, stating that the perfect tranquility prevailed at that hour, and no further trouble was expected.

GUARDING THE MINISTER.

MADRID, Jan. 14.—The police precautions have been redoubled in the vicinity of the United States Legation around the residence of the United States Minister, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford.

FORCING CUBAN SENTIMENT.

Harris Taylor Demands Recognition of the Unfinished.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—The chairman of the organizing committee of the Cuban-American League makes public a letter from Harris Taylor, former United States Minister to Spain, in which he says:

"Every day in the United States a Cuban-American league should be instantly formed, whose primary purpose should be to arouse public opinion to demand the instant passage of the Senate's belated resolution now pending in the House of Representatives. When the demand is opposed by the worn-out technical pretext that the arguments are entitled to speedy action until they have first established a complete de facto government, the answer should be promptly made that the law of nations demands no such thing; that the resolution in question need only recognize the fact that there is now in Cuba a state of war."

"The Cuban-American League has sent out a circular requesting the Mayor of every city in the United States and the Sheriff or ranking officer in every county in the United States to take action in every ward in the city and each township of the county to organize a local branch of the Cuban-American League."

THE SCARE SUBSIDED.

Authorities at Washington Look for No Further Trouble.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The Cuban scare has subsided entirely today and little anxiety or interest was manifested in it in official circles. President McKinley was unusually free from callers. Regarding the reports that the rioting in Havana had caused apprehension among financiers and others and that business affairs might be unsettled by fears of foreign complications, and that they had wired the President asking him to withhold the sending of warships to Cuban waters and to use his influence to prevent inflammatory speeches in Congress, it can be stated authoritatively that up to this date today and taken in connection with the fact that no dispatches of this subject had been received at the White House.

Assistant Secretary Day came over to the White House from the State Department before the Cabinet meeting and left a telegram that had been received from Consul-General Lee. It was sent from Havana during the night. While it reported the existence there of much excitement and chronicled the attacks on the newspaper offices in continuation of those of the 12th and 13th, and taken in connection with the fact that no dispatches of this subject had been received at the White House.

The principal subject under discussion by the Cabinet, however, it is declared, was the prospects of the Hawaiian annexation treaty.

The North Atlantic Squadron, which has been gathering at Hampton Roads, is to sail southward tomorrow. Last there should be a misunderstanding of the purpose of the cruise, which has already been described in the press as one of evolution and drill, planned many months ago, the orders under which the vessels will proceed have been made public and taken in connection with the department's order to Admiral Sigsbee, the Navy Department says, show that the squadron's movements have no reference to Cuba.

Gov. Lee's cablegram, it is also learned, stated that, while he did not anticipate another outbreak, he would not be surprised at one. None of the disturbances, he reported, had been directed against the United States or American citizens.

The Cabinet discussion showed that the President while deciding not to send a warship to Cuba at present, does purpose keeping one or more vessels within a reasonable distance of Havana, so that one of our ships may reach there within six hours, in the event of a sudden call for its presence from Gen. Lee.

MORE RIGOROUS CENSORSHIP. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] HAVANA, Jan. 14.—A decree has been published prohibiting the publication in daily newspapers of cable dispatches without previous censorship and twelve hours' notice of their receipt. In addition, in future, the post-office will detain national and foreign newspapers not having been previously censored. Violators of the law are warned that they are under military jurisdiction.

Another edict will be published shortly forbidding the gathering in groups of more than four persons either in the streets or in the town. A. Melina, the chief of staff of the insurgent general Majia Rodriguez, has, it is announced, surrendered to the Spanish authorities. He has issued a manifesto, announcing his willingness to do everything possible to bring about peace in the district of Sancti Spiritus, province of Santa Clara.

It is announced from Spanish sources that Lieut.-Col. Tigon of the insurgent army has been killed.

THE LA TRADA INQUIRY. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WILMINGTON (Del.), Jan. 14.—In the trial of Capt. Edward Murphy of the steamer *La Trada* on the charge of filibustering, in the United States District Court today, W. J. Bruff testified that on August 3, 1897, in New York City, he said and delivered to a man named Eddy, a cargo of \$50,000 worth of cannon, rifles, cartridges, etc. He did not know, however, that the cargo was subsequently delivered to the steamer *La Trada*.

AN APPREHENSIVE STOCKHOLDER. SPRINGFIELD (Ill.), Jan. 14.—James McGee, a shareholder in the Crowned King Mining Company, with headquarters in Edinburgh, has filed bill in the United States Circuit Court to restrain James M. Taylor, secretary of the corporation, from removing certain books and papers from the company's office at Crowned King, Arizona, where the company carries on a large mining business. A meeting of the board of directors of the company has been called for the purpose of conducting an investigation of the books which have been made, and it is charged that the secretary intends to thwart the investigation by removing the books.

OUT OF THE DEPTHS.

FOUR MEN ESCAPE FROM A CAVED-IN TUNNEL.

A Fifth Miner Suffers from the Fumes of the Powder and Yields Up His Life—How the Escape Was Achieved.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] ANACONDA (Mont.), Jan. 14.—At noon today, after forty hours of imprisonment and anxiety, four of the five men who were in the tunnel near this city that caved in near its entrance as the result of a dynamite explosion, crawled through a hastily-constructed exit into the light of day.

An improvised tunnel had been driven through the debris that closed the entrance to the tunnel itself. The construction of this was a painfully slow process, owing to the constant shifting of the ground. The rescue tunnel was fifteen feet long. When they crept through it into liberty, the miners who had been imprisoned were found to be in excellent health, and they hastily left the place.

Jack McLeod was the one of the five imprisoned men who died. His comrades declare that Sir Charles, the miner who suffered from the fumes of the powder, which bothered them all for about twelve hours, McLeod could not stand it, and died in a few hours, and his body was removed from the tunnel this afternoon.

A JILTED SIR. Charles A. F. Cunningham Loved a Chorus Girl Vainly. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] LONDON, Jan. 14.—(By Atlantic Cable.) It has been an open secret in the circles of the aristocracy that Sir Charles Fairlie Cunningham, who, as announced by the Daily Mail today, committed suicide at the Hotel Victoria, this city, during the night of December 28, had been secretly married to Miss Pryor, a chorus girl of the "In Town" Company. During the company's London engagement, Sir Charles occupied a room at the Hotel Victoria, and after the performance he drove away with her. He followed the company to America, and returned here in the company of a foreign correspondent. He was considerably downcast because Miss Pryor had refused to have anything more to do with him.

The coroner gave out a report of the case today, showing that Sir Charles shot himself in the head. It was understood that Sir Charles left a letter directing that his clothing and effects be given to Miss Pryor.

A COLORED SHOOTIST. He Shoots to Death at the End of a Rope. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] RICHMOND (Va.), Jan. 14.—Archibald Lockley, colored, a triple murderer, was hanged at King and Queen Courthouse today. There was a large crowd at the Courthouse, and the Sheriff, Mr. Deputies had to produce pistols to prevent some of those present from forcing their way into the inclosure around the scaffold.

Lockley showed great nerve to the last. Death was instantaneous. He made a full confession. He had been living with Ellen Chapman, and on October 12 last, went to her house, and a quarrel ensued, which ended in a fight. When the woman's nephew, George Lee, started for an officer, Lockley seized a revolver and shot him. He then shot Eddie Chapman, and when he saw the woman trying to escape, shot her.

Taxing Foreign Corporations. NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—The Department of Taxes and Board of Assessments of this city has issued its notice of taxation on foreign corporations, requiring them to make a report to the Tax Department in accordance with the new rule thereon. A more energetic crusade against foreign corporations by this State, but the Tax Department has been served with notices of taxation.

Miss Alice Norton's Debut. NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—At the big colonial house, Mr. and Mrs. Levi P. Morton gave a dance last night to celebrate the advent of Alice, the fourth of the five daughters, into society. It was a red-letter event.

When the supper hour came, after midnight, and the dancers paused in their reveling to slip and sup in the grand dining room, a corps of waiters went out to their coachmen and footmen about the doors with a liberal supply of hot coffee and food for the feast.

Money in a Lamp. MONTEREY, January 14.—Charles James, son of Postmaster W. V. James, arrived today in Monterey in a lamp, subsequently applying for a United States patent on his invention, has just concluded a favorable contract for the patent rights with prominent attorneys. The patent is still pending, but the attorneys are so impressed with the merits of the lamp that they offered James a large sum of \$2500 in cash, 4500 acres of land and 300 head of cattle in Northern Idaho. James has accepted the proposition, and will leave tomorrow to resume possession of the land and cattle.

The Reindeer on Huden. NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Eleven reindeer arrived today on board the Wilson Line steamer *Martello*, from Hull, and will be shipped to the Klondike region.

DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER

Above represents the official Medal awarded Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder by World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, '93.

The fame achieved at all the Great Fairs rests solely on its merits as the strongest, purest and best of all the baking powders, and truly stamps Dr. Price's as

The foremost baking powder in all the world.

The foremost baking powder in all the world.

The Times

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Jan. 14.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.21; at 5 p.m., 30.23. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 41 deg. and 52 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 69 per cent; 5 p.m., 69 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., northeast, velocity 7 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 5 miles. Maximum temperature, 60 deg.; minimum temperature, 38 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

Weather Conditions.—The pressure continues exceedingly high over the mountain and plateau regions, accompanied by very cold weather. Zero temperatures are reported from Nevada, Idaho and Eastern Oregon. The temperature is but slightly above zero in Utah. The weather continues cold in California and Arizona. Freezing temperatures are reported from the interior valleys of California and from Arizona. Frosts occurred this morning in numerous places in California and at Yuma.

DRY BULB TEMPERATURE.
Los Angeles 40
San Francisco 42
San Diego 38
Portland 40
Forecast.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Continued cool, fair weather tonight and Saturday, with frost Saturday morning.

WEATHER FORECAST:
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—For Southern California: Fair Saturday, with heavy frosts in the morning; light northerly winds.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The San Francisco Bulletin remarks that Joaquin Miller may get as angry as he pleases hereafter, but he can't walk off on that particular ear any more.

Somebody ought to mail Poker Davis a copy of the San José Mercury, in which is recorded the fact that three buncos men in San Francisco have invented a device by which they are enabled to beat the slot machines. Slot machines are warranted not to "holter" when they are beaten.

Well done, Oakland! Not satisfied with giving Los Angeles her just meed of praise for her varied attractions, the Enquirer goes the truth one better, and joyfully announces that the orange groves lie under a bedquilt of snow, and that in the streets of Los Angeles the eastern visitors have enjoyed the sport of snowballing. This is a charming and cheerful lie.

The negative view of the bicycle bell question is taken by the San José Mercury, which says: "The Los Angeles City Council is going over the state ground of whether it is advisable to require bicyclists to carry bells. That question has been decided by a majority of cities in the negative. The bell simply serves to confuse pedestrians, who are then more apt to get in the way than out of it. With the exception of scorchers, who have no regard whatever for the rights of pedestrians, wheelmen will do the dodging if pedestrians pay no attention to them."

A local weekly publication, the Orange Trade Reporter, continues to bear the orange market. This is not surprising, when it is understood, as The Times has previously explained, that the Reporter is not the representative of the orange trade, but of a local firm, dealing in oranges, apart from the exchanges, which firm is short on fruit and would not object to getting a few carloads at a low price. Southern California orange-growers are intelligent, and will not be easily misled by such shallow sophistry. The orange market is all right, although there are not many "early" oranges yet in the market.

The Kern County Echo says: "A few years ago a San Francisco daily asked a lot of country editors what they thought would be the greatest achievement of science within forty years of that date. A number of those who responded said that the transmission of water power from the mountain streams to the valleys below would lead in point of importance. It looks very much as if this would be true, and the San Joaquin Valley is most happily situated to enjoy the results of such achievements. Out of the Sierras come many strong streams, the power from which can, and will, work great changes in the valley."

The Sacramento Bee hastens to put Colorado into her place on the girl question, with the following crushing remark: "Colorado prides itself that it has sent twenty-six young waitresses to a Coronado hotel in response to an order, and exultingly inquires what is the matter with the much-lauded beauties of California. We do not know, but hazard the guess that the Coronado hotel-keeper wants girls who will stay by their jobs and not marry themselves off to the susceptible easterners, who put up there. We know of no girls who should find it easier to fill the requirements than those produced on Colorado's unlovely plains."

LETTER BOXES FILED.

San Luis Obispo Postoffice Loses Some Letters.

San Luis Obispo, not to be outdone by Los Angeles, Garvanza or any other place that has recently had its postoffice tampered with, has had a genuine postoffice robbery of its own.

On January 5, James W. Cook, deputy United States marshal of San Luis Obispo, wrote to the United States District Attorney's office here stating that Johnny Valencia, a Mexican boy between 12 and 14 years old, had broken into certain private letter boxes of that place and taken out and destroyed letters. He had arrested the Valencia boy and had found letters in his pocket that had been stolen from the letter box.

A second letter of the 12th inst. states that complaints had been sworn out against both boys, and they had been arraigned and pleaded not guilty. Bail was fixed for each in the sum of \$500, which they were unable to give. Their trial was set for January 22, when United States District Attorney Flint will go to San Luis Obispo to look after the government's side of the question.

TO THE CATHOLICS OF THE CITY.

For the accommodation of the patrons of new Calvary Cemetery, beginning with next Tuesday, January 18, a bus will be run from the end of the First-street electric car line to the new cemetery. The bus will connect with the cars at 12:30 a.m., 1:30 p.m. and 2:00 p.m. The fare on the bus will be 25 cents for the round trip. The arrangement will be continued for one month, as an experiment, and if the patronage will warrant, the bus will be run for an indefinite length of time.

WATCHES cleaned, re. mainsprings, etc.; crystals, 10c. Patton, No. 214 South Broadway.

MUST ORGANIZE.

A FEW PLAIN WORDS TO DECIDUOUS-FRUIT GROWERS.

The Product Is Rapidly Increasing and Preparations Must Be Made to Market It at a Profit—Mr. Sprague Tells How It May Be Done.

The following communication, sent to The Times by A. R. Sprague, who is general organizer No. 5 of the deciduous-fruit growers in Southern California, with headquarters in the Chamber of Commerce, should be carefully read by all deciduous-fruit growers in this section. At the recent meeting in the Chamber of Commerce, resolutions were adopted and a beginning was made toward the organization of the deciduous-fruit growers in this section, but it will need much hard and persistent work to perfect such organization.

We are in the presence of a most serious situation, as growers of deciduous fruits, in Southern California.

"We have grown orchards, after years of toil and self-denial, only to find no market for our fruit, and no present promise of any steady demand for it in the near future. This is admittedly so with regard to the present product; what hope, then, can we have for marketing under present conditions twice as great a product, which careful judges say orchards will be yielding within the next three years?"

"In connection with this we must not forget to take into account the amazing increase of orchard area east of the Rocky Mountains, and the competition which must be reckoned with more and more.

"This is so an inquiry into the cause of the present condition of the market is of the utmost interest. 'Most of us believe that a great deal of poor fruit has been sent to eastern markets—we not properly grown, not properly thinned, not properly cured and not honestly packed—one or all of these conditions too often present!'

"Now it is easier to get people to eat ten pounds of really good fruit than one pound of poor fruit, and there is not the slightest doubt that the poor fruit upon the shelves of eastern retail dealers prevents the sale of many times as much good fruit. This, then, clogs the market most seriously.

"Then, too, so long as we compete with each other for a chance to sell or consign to shipping and commission firms, we necessarily tend constantly to destroy any steady demand at profitable prices by overloading the great market centers, at times, and permitting the jobber to fill his orders from the fruit slaughtered in this strife to the great.

"The great European market for dried fruit is not open to us, because we do not know it, and it does not know our fruit, and to secure an introduction which shall develop into an acquaintance profitable to both is a task which no individual is prepared to undertake.

"When, then, shall we do? Cut down our trees and grow alfalfa, corn or wheat? By no means. Nature has bestowed upon the California fruit-grower such soil and sky that if he will but use the commonest business foresight and prudence he will come off with profit in any competition with any part of the world.

"What manufacturer would enter upon production without making any provision for the introduction and sale of his goods? And what line of production other than agriculture and horticulture that does not avail itself of all the economy and protection which cooperation affords?"

"This, then, is the way out for the fruit-grower. Not one of the difficulties which now embarrass us but can be removed by cooperation. 'If a majority of the growers of this part of the State join heartily in this movement and are loyal to it, we shall have a return of the sound prosperity which once the fruit-grower knew, and may regard the expansion of this industry with satisfaction rather than with dread.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

To Take Part in the Industrial Parade.

The committee of the Chamber of Commerce appointed to take up the matter of putting a float in the jubilee parade met yesterday and decided that the time was too short to prepare any kind of a float, but as a compromise agreed to place a wagon in the parade with a miniature Chamber of Commerce display installed on it.

The Ojai people have asked the Chamber of Commerce to endorse the petition that they have prepared to place before Congress, asking it to pass an act setting apart a reservation for the preservation of timber in the Pine Mountain Range and adjacent lands in Ventura county. The matter will receive the attention of the board of directors at the next meeting.

The chamber is just in receipt of a letter from E. E. Bruce, manager of the department of exhibits, Omaha Transmississippi Exposition, stating that 2000 feet of space had been definitely assigned to Los Angeles county for her exhibit in the horticultural building, and that a sketch of the inside of the building would be forwarded in a few weeks, so that the definite installation could be arranged here.

A LETTER.

[To the Editor:] I am very proud and grateful for the honor done me by Mr. L. R. Kitts in his articles which appear in The Times on the 12th inst. I wish, however, to correct one of the statements wherein he credits me with having been in partnership with George L. Lem. The firm with whom Mr. Kitts had dealings was known as Kwong Hing Co., composed of Wong Sue and myself, and located on the southwest corner of First and Los Angeles streets. The stock carried consisted of Chinese and Japanese fancy goods and a miscellaneous assortment of general merchandise. Mr. Kitts secured a portion of the stock, paying \$15 for one month's rental. He subsequently leased the location was not suitable, and upon this information the money was refunded. George G. Lem had nothing to do with that or any other transaction in which I participated, as no partnership has ever existed between us. The mistake on the part of Mr. Kitts is natural, as the event took place eleven years ago.

LAW ARK FAWN.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L.B.Q. on each tablet.

HOUSE CLEANING

Prices...

We've got plenty of odd lots of Shirts, Hosiery, Neckwear, which we are anxious to close out before stock taking.

\$1.00 Colored Shirts.....45c
\$1.25 and \$1.50 Colored Shirts.....65c
50c Fine Wool Hosiery.....25c
25c Fine Wool Hosiery, 3 for.....50c
20c Fine Merino Hosiery, 2 for.....25c
50c Fine Silk Neckwear.....25c

Broken lines of Underwear, Night Robes, etc., at about one-half regular price.

Open tonight till 11 o'clock. See us about Klondike goods.

Silverwood

The Cash Men's Furnisher,
124
SOUTH SPRING STREET.

BOOK BARGAINS

In order to reduce stock preparatory to taking the usual inventory, a large variety of good titles in

...FICTION...

by leading authors, will be offered for one month AT GREAT REDUCTIONS.

At PARKER'S,

246 South Broadway,
Near Public Library.
The largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago.

FREE..

With every pair of Men's \$3.00 Shoes a 25c Pocket Comb.

240 S. SPRING. Burns.

You Can't Afford

To experiment in piano buying. You must use judgment and be able to rely on the dealer's say so. You can depend on every statement we make.

Southern California Music Co.,
315-317 W. Third St.
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Men

Who want the latest and sweetest footwear should see our fresh lines of Vic Kid, Enamel Leather, and Calf Shoes in the new lasts. Built for looks and comfort.

A specially interesting line of Hand-turned Patent Leather Shoes for full dress occasions. Drop in and

LOOK THEM OVER...

AVERY-STAUD SHOE CO.

Byrne Building, Broadway near Third.
"Always Satisfactory to the Wearer."



Ever Troubled With Your Eyes?

Ever tried us? We have fitted glasses to THOUSANDS to their entire satisfaction. Why not give us a trial? We will satisfy you. Eyes tested free.

J. G. Marshall, O.P.T.
245 S. Spring
Established 1893. Serves 1000 on the mountain.
On the mountain.

Wanted

A good collection of Postage Stamps, or stamps on old envelopes. Address L. S. Box 14, TIMES OFFICE.

KLONDIKE IS IN CANADA.
Get out your Klondike Custom-house delays. Outfits delivered freight and duty free at Vancouver, B.C.
Correspondence solicited.

MAXWELL & CO.
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Newberry's

"Lead in Quality and Quantity."

Your shopping will not be complete unless you take advantage of our offerings of today.

Will close out today a carload of fine apples; call early and make your choice; they are the best values in the city:
price, per box **\$1.00**
Fancy Fresh Ranch Eggs:
2 dozen **35c**
Fancy Creamery Butter (Clover Hill),
2-lb roll **50c**
Westminster Creamery Butter,
2-lb roll **60c**
Martin's (N. Y.) Fancy Full Cream Cheese,
per pound **15c**

Newberry's. Newberry's

Telephone Main 26. 216-218 S. Spring St.

ATTENTION TOURISTS. Be careful of the water you drink. We can supply you with the famous GLEN ROCK, a pure mountain spring water. Delivered at the rate of 15 gallons for \$1.00.

H. JEVNE

Candy—Fresh Every Hour.

The reason our Confectionery is so good is that our confectioners have every convenience to work with and the very best of material. Another reason is that it is never stale. Just make enough each day to last, no more, no less. Make it fresh every hour. Take home a box for Sunday. You can have it hot if you like it that fresh and come at the right time of day.

208-210 S. Spring St., Wilcox Building.

Saturday Specials...

In Every Department Today.

A FEW OF MANY.

Boys' Suits..... That were \$2.00
Today only, 95c.
Children's Reeler Suits That were \$3.00
Today only, \$1.65.
Youth's Suits..... That were \$5.00
Today only, \$2.75.
Boys' Overcoats..... That were \$5.00
Today only, \$2.95.
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Today only, \$4.95.

Look for Red Tickets in our Windows.

JACOBY BROS.

Wholesale and Retail, 128-138 North Spring St.

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The Miners' and Prospectors' Favorite.

Unaffected by cold or heat. Winchester Ammunition is used by every one and sold everywhere. Send name and address on a postal card for 148-page illustrated catalogue. It is free.

Winchester Repeating Arms Co.
NEW HAVEN, CONN.
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DR. LIEBIG & CO.

The old reliable, never-failing Specialists, established 18 years. Dispensaries in Chicago, Kansas City, Butte, Mont., San Francisco, and Los Angeles in all private diseases of men.

Not a dollar need be paid until cured.

CATARH A Specialty. We cure the worst cases in two or three months. Discharges of years' standing cured promptly. Wasting drains of all kinds in man or woman speedily stopped.

Examination, including Analysis, Free. No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed, come and see us. You will not regret it. In Nature's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have the remedy for yours. Come and get it.

All communications strictly confidential. Call or write. The poor treated free on Fridays from 10 to 12. Address

123 SOUTH MAIN STREET, Los Angeles, Cal.

TRY IT...

Good digestion, good health and good spirits, require good teeth. If you think that your happiness is not pretty closely related to these three things, try getting along without them by neglecting your teeth until you are wiser but not happier. Painless dentistry, moderate charges, warranted work.

Dr. A. E. Spinks, THE DENTIST.
Tel. Black 1165. Park Place, Cor. Fifth and Hill Sts.

A BOY

Can now be clothed for as little money as he ever will be clothed for. Our great holiday trade has left us, in many cases, with only two or three suits of a kind where we had full lines; all these odd suits are now marked at get-out prices—for instance, school reefer and junior suits that were \$3.50 and \$4 are now \$2.45. Some \$5 lots at \$3.75. 90c "mothers' friend" waists, 55c. 35c knee pants, 20c. Extra good wearing stockings, 10c.

London Clothing Co.
117, 119, 121, 123, 125
North Spring Street, S. W. Corner Franklin.
HARRIS & FRANK, Proprietors.

Cadsmum Store Co

314 & 316 SOUTH SPRING ST. - Superior Stoves and Ranges.

J. C. Carr & Co.

5 gals. Kerosene.....45c 5 gals. Pearl Oil.....75c
5 gals. Gasoline.....55c 5 gals. Pratt's Oil.....75c
5 gals. Red Crown Gasoline.....75c 5 gals. Elaine Oil.....1.00
PHONE 801 BLACK. 623 SOUTH BROADWAY.

How about that underwear? Hadn't you better get it today?

Lowman is holding a special sale. More underwear than in all other stores. Prices cut to 60 cents on the dollar.

LOWMAN & CO., 131 South Spring St.

THE LAST

Few days we have mentioned

BOYS' LONG PANT SUITS.

We have good reasons. TOO MANY SUITS.

\$7.00 and \$6.00 Suits now \$5.00.

\$10.00 Suits now \$8.00.

\$12.00 Suits now \$10.00.

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MULLEN, BLUETT & CO.,

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PIPER HEIDSIECK PLUG TOBACCO

will bear the closest inspection and comparisons. No better tobacco is grown than that used in the manufacture of Piper Heidsieck. No other tobacco has so exquisite a flavor. None is so carefully manufactured or yields so much real enjoyment as Piper Heidsieck.

These are not mere claims but facts easily demonstrated. Buy one of the new 5-cent pieces,

40% LARGER THAN FORMERLY

and be convinced that Piper Heidsieck is positively the biggest piece of good tobacco ever sold for a nickel.

DOING POLITICS.

WHAT THE ASPIRE WORKERS
AMONG THE RUDDISTS ARE AT.

The Politicians for Revenue Who are Expecting to be Rewarded With Some Fine Places in the Commission of the Pacific.

That there is a well-organized effort in behalf of Gov. Budd for the Senatorial succession there can be no doubt. And the effort is so well balanced that no element of the Democracy is left out. In the first place, the anti-Southern Pacific cry is the slogan in general, and especially among the business men of the cities and the farmers. Labor with a big "L" is also played on with a full sweep. Then, again, the "push" brigade, those distinguished citizens who can always be depended on to carry out the orders of Mr. Huntington in a State or Congressional convention, are strictly in evidence. In Los Angeles county this is particularly so.

According to a rural Democrat, who let loose a few days since the defeat of George Patton for the Democratic nomination for Congress in 1896, was due not alone to the Southern Pacific, but as well to the administration at Sacramento. "Why," said this Democrat, "do not the State appointments with but very few exceptions, show that condition of things here? Look at the railroad push drawing fat salaries attached to positions at Highland and Whittier! And then, when the soft places are not to be had here, they are bundled up and quartered on the State in San Francisco." It goes without saying that the politicians and fishes that drop from Sacramento are not in the habit of falling into the laps of the Democrats not controlled by the Southern Pacific. Yet, the often hears the bugle blast of reform, as it issues from the Statehouse.

A well-authenticated story crops out of the case of one of Ramish & Marsh's strikers who, after doing service under orders from the Arcade Depot for years, raised his nose and raised it high, as it were, when a place worth \$80 a month at Whittier was offered him. Then it was that H. Patton hid himself to the North, and so successfully, that a position was secured worth \$175 a month at Whittier. The said railroad statesman now enjoys, but he will be at the call of the Southern Pacific whenever and wherever he is needed. He is not a bit lost when it comes to aiding his friends of the Republican "push" during the primaries.

H. Patton, it would appear, only resigned as a matter of course, and Whittier after he had done railroad political work in those institutions in the way of appointments, and he now claims with a great deal of justification that he has the promise of Gov. Budd for the position of Bank Commissioner, vice McGee of Fresno, when he comes in June next, and realizing that he has been all powerful with the powers that be in Sacramento, none of the faithful dare rebuke him. As a bank commissioner Patton would, no doubt, prove as complete a success as his colleagues of the push who have heretofore received promotion, and so there would be no disappointment, and no dissatisfaction, except among those who, in the nature of things, are materially interested. It is possible that Patton may be the right choice plume while defending the Webb crowd in his weekly paper, and otherwise, but not probable. Some time ago, so the report goes, an appointment of the Governor from the North dropped down upon Los Angeles to breathe the semi-tropic atmosphere, but at the same time to do some money-raising service in the Budd interest. He was profoundly impressed, so the report runs, when informed that the appointments heretofore made, as a rule, had been made to suit the Southern Pacific, and was inexpressibly shocked when told that Chief Glass was better equipped than any one else to give the records of those upon whom the Budd administration had brought place and profit. He was impressed profoundly, and shocked inexpressibly. Yet the railroad "push" are still in the saddle under Patton's leadership, and will no doubt remain so during the present State administration. Perhaps the work in behalf of the Governor may be done under cover, and that in the event of the candidacy of Senator White, but it will be done all the same—that is to say, there is a pretense in order the better to control the appointments the remainder of the year or until the Budd dynasty closes.

Several leading Democrats who do not stand in with the Patton-Southern Pacific fraternity have declared that if these elements obtain control, which they are working, the State appointments to accommodate the Southern Pacific would be a toss-up for choice between the ticket brought out and the worst nominations the Republican "push" could possibly develop. In such an event they will go to San Pedro and fish with Dr. Hill upon election day. In the mean time Patton goes on setting out his weekly paper, sometimes Democratic, sometimes anti-Democratic, but all the time for Patton, and unanimously and disinterestedly naming him as the man to carry over Mr. Budd. It has been suggested that Patton is looking more to his own advancement than that of the Governor—in other words, that he will throw Budd down if necessary. That, however, it is asserted will not be apparent until after the bank commissioner-ship has been handed out.

Midwinter Tourists.

The following passengers arrived yesterday from various points in the East: Kate Sweeney, Mrs. E. Martin, S. E. Martin, Philadelphia; Mary Rice, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Clara Lunnegan, Adelaide; P. Richards, Erie, Pa.; Adelaide R. Muchamer, Mary Wells, C. W. Henrich and wife, F. E. Brookman and wife, A. K. Line, J. F. Newman and wife, E. L. Benson, Chicago; Mrs. H. Sample, Pittsburgh; S. A. Lawton and wife, Cleveland; James E. Duffey, Oberlin, N. Y.; Mrs. J. B. Mann, James Parker, New York; G. Getzson and wife, Washington; C. H. Tyler and wife, St. Louis; Florence Freeman, B. Wayne, P. W. Abbott and wife, H. R. Gamble and wife, G. S. Meyers and wife, St. Paul; Edith Bates, William Burns, Philadelphia; Emily Street, Henry Lyons, E. M. Burton and wife, J. S. Carvahio, S. R. Carvahio, H. C. Carvahio, New Orleans; Mrs. C. Harper, Chicago; Mrs. G. Huckleby, Chicago; Mrs. F. B. McNeeder, San Marcos, Tex.; George L. Wilsey, Constock, Wis.; F. L. Gates, Georgia Gates, St. Paul.

Tourist-car Line to Pittsburgh.

An arrangement has been made for the running of a through tourist-car line between Los Angeles and Pittsburgh by way of Kansas City and St. Louis. The first car in this line will leave Los Angeles on Wednesday, the 19th, and will reach Pittsburgh at 5:30 in the evening of Sunday. The car is one of the Pullman tourist sleeping cars and will be accompanied through to destination by a man in charge. The car will leave Los Angeles every Wednesday and returning will leave Pittsburgh on Tuesday.

NOAH LEE DISCHARGED.

Alleged Train-robber Freed by Technicality.

The matter of application for warrant of removal of Noah Lee to the Eastern District of Texas by virtue of an indictment found in that district came up for final decision by Judge Wellborn yesterday, and the warrant was refused on the ground that the United States District Court of the Eastern District of Texas would have no jurisdiction over the case, even if Lee were removed to that district, for the reason that the boundary of the Eastern District of Texas was changed on September 1, 1896; that such change caused some other district to have jurisdiction, though the judge did not state what district that might be. Lee was accordingly discharged and left the courtroom very much elated at his good fortune.

The alleged crime for which Lee was indicted was holding up a train in the Indian Territory, Choctaw Nation, on June 24, 1893, upon which occasion several persons were very severely handled. Lee is a very decent-looking young man, probably 20 years old, and is not the sort of a person one would pick out as a desperado, such as the indictment made him out to be. He resides at Redlands with his parents, who, it is said, have considerable means, and stand very high socially.

SMOOTH CARL SCHLITZ.

ANOTHER OF THE BILK'S VICTIMS
HEARD FROM.

Mrs. Hermine Stoll Tells How One Mulhausen Obtained Money from Her by False Pretenses—He Worked a Filmflam Game.

One more victim of Carl Schlitz, alias Schilling, alias Mulhausen, etc., has been found in the person of Mrs. Hermine Stoll, the keeper of a lodging-house at the corner of Third and Los Angeles streets. Mrs. Stoll alleges that Mulhausen bilked her out of \$15, and would probably have robbed her or swindled her out of much more, if she had yielded to his blandishments.

According to Mrs. Stoll's story, Mulhausen, the name he then gave, came to her house December 16 to engage a room. He represented that he was lately arrived from Fresno; where he had a 600-acre ranch, and was down here buying fruit to ship to Germany. He said he was staying at the Westminister Hotel, and kept his horse and buggy at the Panoramia stables. He wanted to get a room in Mrs. Stoll's house because it was so near the stables. The good woman was only too glad to accommodate him, and Mulhausen at once made himself at home in Mrs. Stoll's house. He tarried late in her sitting-room that evening, and told her much about himself, his two orphaned children and his rich relatives in Germany. Incidentally he wanted to know how much money Mrs. Stoll was making, and where she kept her valuables. He wanted to know, too, how many doors there were in the house, and asked if she was not afraid that some one might enter her room and rob her. To guard against such a contingency, he volunteered to act as protector while he roomed at her house. She replied that her police whistle and revolver were all the protection she wanted, and said if any man entered her room at night he might bring his own over.

Mulhausen took great interest in Mrs. Stoll's children, and cut pictures out of papers for them. He wanted to know if he might bring his own children there to play with them, and said he would give them 50 cents every day with which to buy candy. Mrs. Stoll, in return, agreed to give him a supper to her. He left the house shortly after noon and returned about 6 o'clock with a lobster, a bottle of wine and a small cake. The smallness of the cake and the bluntness of the lobster struck Mrs. Stoll as being rather peculiar. It was not the sort of supper Mrs. Stoll was accustomed to, but she made the best of it, as it would not do to offend so wealthy a roomer.

Mulhausen grew more confidential than ever the second evening of his stay in the household. He proposed matrimony, saying that inasmuch as he was a widower with two small children, and she widow with two children of about the same age, they would make a good match. But Mrs. Stoll said she had got the worst of it the first time she was married, and she wanted to make a thorough investigation before she trusted another man. This did not discourage Mulhausen. He wanted to be her friend and protector just the same, and asked her to go shopping with him a few days later to buy some Christmas presents for his children. He would buy some presents for her children also, and a diamond ring and sealstone for herself. Furthermore, they would go driving on Sunday. He hoped and hoped would be at her service, and he would do his little bit, diamonds and fine raiment that he always wore on Sunday.

Forthcoming Song Recitals. Mrs. Gertrude Auld-Thomas announces three song recitals for January, February and March, the first one to be given at Blanchard-Fitzgerald's Music Hall on Monday, January 31. The programme will consist of songs by Chadwick, Rubinstein, Hahn, Massenet and the grand aria from the mad scene of "Hamel," by Ambrose Thomas.

RANDBURG ROAD OPEN FOR TRAFFIC. Beginning Monday, January 11, a through coach will be run between Randburg and Johannesburg, via Kramer, connecting with Santa Fe train leaving Los Angeles at 9:50 a.m., arriving at Johannesburg at 8:30 o'clock same evening. Returning, train will leave Johannesburg at 9:30 a.m., arriving at Los Angeles, 8:30 a.m. Through tickets, \$7.50.

E. V. VAN NORMAN.

Physician and surgeon, No. 545 South Broadway.

Mrs. Stoll asked him about the title to his ranch at Fresno. He said it still belonged to his mother, who resided in Germany, but he would inherit it some day, despite the fact that he had seven brothers and sisters in Germany. They would be provided for out of the brewery properties which his mother owned in that country. Then Mulhausen advised Mrs. Stoll to sell her lodging-house, and with the proceeds go with him to San Francisco, where he would aid her in business, but she declined that proposition.

Mrs. Stoll says some of Mulhausen's statements were contradictory. She said she mistrusted his motives, but when he finally asked her for a loan of \$15, offering as security two checks, one for \$400 and the other for \$200, she could not refuse him. He had trusted these checks in her care when he first came to the house, and she considered them an evidence of his wealth and good faith. Before he asked for the loan she had returned the checks to him at his request. His excuse for borrowing the money was that he had to pay off some men who were packing oranges for him, the next morning before the banks opened, and he lacked just \$15 of having sufficient ready cash. He said he would put the checks which she had seen in an envelope and leave them with her as security till he repaid the loan. On this understanding, Mrs. Stoll gave him the money and he handed her a sealed envelope in which the checks were supposed to be.

Before retiring for the night Mulhausen told Mrs. Stoll a little story about a woman who had a man arrested for stealing her watch and chain. When the case came to trial the man testified that he had had immoral relations with the woman, so the court discharged him and fined the woman \$10 for immoral conduct. Mrs. Stoll failed to see the moral of the story, but she thinks now that it was intended to intimidate her in case she planned to sue him for swindling, and felt inclined to have the swindler arrested.

The day after the money transaction Mrs. Stoll found that Mulhausen had not occupied his bed the previous night. He did not again appear at her house, so she opened the envelope to look at the checks given as security for the loan, and found nothing but blank paper inside. Then she knew that she had been bilked. Mrs. Stoll did not report her loss to the police immediately, because she felt that she could not spare the time from her business to attend court proceedings, but after reading in The Times how the same man had been victimizing other women, she made up her mind that it was her duty to make a complaint against the fellow. With this end in view she visited the Police Station yesterday and sought an interview with the prisoner. When confronted by Mrs. Stoll and asked for an explanation of his conduct, Mulhausen said he had nothing to say; his lawyers were doing all the talking for him.

ANOTHER WAVE MOTOR.

Young Edison Promises Great Things for His Machine.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Thomas A. Edison, Jr., has invented a machine for moving the wave power of the sea. When in place the machine will be twenty miles out to sea and consist of a series of gigantic air pumps. The air compressed by these will be used to run dynamos. For \$25,000,000 he can construct a plant, he says, that will furnish 1,000,000 horse power, enough to supply the entire State of New York. He says that a powerful syndicate has the matter of immediate construction of the plant under consideration. His plans are said to be practically complete.

The Edison wave machine is, in effect, a series of gigantic air pumps. The piston of the machine stands upright upon a platform that is pierced by a long piston rod. Upon the lower end of the piston rod is a big, flat float, which rests upon the water and is movable by the rise and fall of the sea. A wave passing under the float would elevate the piston, powerfully compressing the air already contained in the cylinder. This pressure would be transmitted directly to the storage tank for compressing air. By an arrangement of oscillators sufficient air would be admitted behind the piston to return it quickly to its position upon the water, where it would be ready to receive the force of the next wave.

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E. V. VAN NORMAN.

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What Women Now Need

More Red Corpuscles in Their Blood...

Paine's Celery Compound.



Miss Frances E. Willard, who has been attending the world's convention of the W.C.T.U., says that better health for women is today a more urgent matter than women's suffrage.

From every section of the country, from Maine to California, come well-attested reports of women, bloodless, nervous, and in many cases so weak as to be bedridden, who have been able to resume their places in the family circle and in social life—healthy, ruddy, well-cured women, by the aid of that great blood-maker and health-maker, Paine's Celery Compound.

Mrs. E. A. Ward is one of these fortunate women whom Paine's Celery Compound has saved from an ailing, unhappy, invalid condition, as her letter shows:

212 MICHIGAN AVE., Mason City, Iowa, Sept. 12, 1897.

Wells & Richardson Co.—Gentlemen: My greatest trouble seemed to be a general weakness and all-over tired feeling. I am 65 years of age, and I did not expect to be ever strong again, but I used four bottles of Paine's Celery Compound and was greatly strengthened, and my rough seemed better, so that I stopped using the remedy, and have not since felt the need of any further help whatever. Very respectfully yours,

MRS. E. A. WARD.

Persons of large experience among nervous women who, as a rule, are thin and lack blood, recommend Paine's Celery Compound as

beyond all question the one remedy that can be depended on to renew the vitality of feeble persons.

This settled confidence in Paine's Celery Compound is not a hasty belief, but rests in nearly every case on personal use or acquaintance with men or women who have been restored to useful health by no other means. The rapid change for the better in color, flesh and expression of the face is so unmistakable that repair of the wasted tissues might well be called a renewal of life.

The process by which Paine's Celery Compound is able to build up health in the run-down body is not hard to understand when one observes how surely it disposes the bowels to act regularly, how it increases the capacity to take and assimilate food, and regulates the nerves all over the body.

The heavy, alarming pain in the back and joints disappears; the growing paleness and loss of flesh is stopped, and a bright, buoyant feeling gradually takes the place of that undying sense of tire and depression.

Paine's Celery Compound is the exact remedy for that large class of feeble, thin-blooded, often hysterical persons, whose greatest need is a thorough reinvigorating of their blood with the red corpuscles upon which health and happiness in such large measure depend.

The extraordinary virtue of Paine's Celery Compound to increase the proportion of red corpuscles in the blood is the source of its great power over all blood diseases, rheumatism, neuritis, kidney diseases, back aches, loss of flesh and general run-down condition.

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Physician and Surgeon.
Locates ALL Diseases by the pulse. Nature has provided in Chinese herbs a remedy for every disease, if the disease be properly located and the herbs properly applied. This can be done at Dr. Wong's Sanitarium, 713 S. MAIN STREET. Consultation free.

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THE LOS ANGELES
SUNDAY TIMES

FOR JANUARY 16, 1898.

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All the news of the city and section.

Terse and timely editorial comment.

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THE TRANSMISSISSIPPI EXPOSITION.

How the West's prosperity will be shown at Omaha; by F. G. Carpenter.

HOW BATTLESHIPS ARE LAUNCHED.

The maiden pluge of men-of-war; by R. G. Skerrett.

WICHITA MOUNTAIN BOOMERS.

The threatened invasion of Indian Territory; by E. L. Hewa, Jr.

GOSSIP OF GOTHAM.

How New Yorkers are trying to make a living; by Osborn Spencer.

MAN'S EARLIEST ANCESTORS.

We were originally anglerworms or lobsters; by S. S. M.

THE POLITENESS OF THE TURK.

Orientals more courteous than the French; by Cleveland Moffett.

A CURIOUS USE FOR STENOGRAPHY.

British Columbia Indians putting their traditions in shorthand; by Harlan I. Smith.

THE QUEEREST MONUMENT ON EARTH.

The "Scent Bottle" of New South Wales; by S. S. M.

THE SENTIMENTAL SECOND-HAND MAN.

An interesting and unique local character; by M. E. McGregor.

MILITARY BALLOONING.

Field work of the Signal Corps U.S.A.; by W. J. Rouse.

THE GENESIS OF WAR WEAPONS.

Evolution from the sling to the rifled cannon; by Lou V. Chaplin.

THE TREASURE OF COCOS ISLAND.

A glittering lure of the Pacific Ocean; by Florence Finch Kelly.

A LIFE SET RIGHT.

The Times' Sunday morning sermon; by Very Rev. F. J. Mallett.

WOMAN'S PAGE.

Our Fashion Letter; by M. Davis. Trained Flesh—Exercises for fat and elderly women; by Millicent Arrowpoint. Mere Adele—A Boston artist takes the last likeness of the most famous woman model living; by Lillian Baynes. An Accident Runner. Novelties in Sofa Pillows; by J. D. Cowles.

BOYS AND GIRLS.

Duncan's Factory—A strike in which Roger Cranston took a hand; by Emily S. Windsor. A Shadow Theater; by J. Carter Heard. A Biblical Museum—The value of such a collection to Sunday schools; by D. C. Some Parlor Games. High-Prized Nests.

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DR. MEYERS & CO.,

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Contagious Blood Poison.

Dr. Meyers & Co. cure this humiliating and oft times deadly affliction rapidly and permanently at any stage, primary, secondary or tertiary, inherited or contracted. For centuries, contagious blood diseases have baffled the skill of physicians.

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Dr. Meyers & Co. have cured the most obstinate cases, many of which were of long standing and had refused to yield to the efforts of the most skilled physicians in Europe and America. Victims should remember that if the blood has but been tainted by this deadly curse it is liable to break out at any time and may end in softening of the brain or a lingering death.

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Dr. Meyers & Co.'s treatment is absolutely superior to all others. Why spend hundreds of dollars for quack nostrums or in visiting the hot springs, only to get temporary relief, when these great doctors can make you whole and clean?

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Among the symptoms are chancre, large or small ulcers in the mouth, on the lips or elsewhere, loss of hair on the head or other parts of the body, dark or copper spots on the skin, aching of the bones and joints.

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OFFICE HOURS—9 to 12, 1 to 4, Daily; Evenings 7 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 11.

No matter what your age or condition may be, you should consult them.

WEBB DISCREDITED.

HE KNEW ADAMS WAS CROOKED FROM THE START.

Even Bartlett Contradicts the Testimony of the Ninth Ward Ex-Bosslet.

JOHNSON'S HARD DAY'S WORK.

HAD TO PREPARE HIMSELF TO CORROBORATE THE DOSS.

Absolute Falsity of Some of Webb's Statements Demonstrated—Johnson's Perverted View of Masonic Obligations.

The investigation of the charges against School Director Webb was resumed last evening. The introduction of testimony for the defense was concluded and some evidence in rebuttal, both sides reserving the right, however, to offer further evidence at the next session, which will be held on January 27. At that time the arguments will be commenced by the attorneys.

The concluding testimony for the defense offered last evening added little to what has been presented heretofore. The evidence in rebuttal offered by the prosecution was chiefly significant as showing that Webb had knowledge of the crookedness of Adams long before the election of teachers in June. This was regarded as especially important because Webb had testified that he knew nothing at that time of any dishonesty on Adams's part. Evidence was also introduced by the prosecution for the purpose of proving the falsity of Webb's published insinuations that an attempt was made to hold him up by a reporter of The Times. The absolute untruth of this accusation was shown.

Seven members were present when President Davis called the board to order. Director Gray and Kuback being absent. A motion was made and carried that the secretary be authorized to obtain a transcript of the evidence given by Joseph H. Adams before the Superior Court. Dr. Mathis was then called to the stand in behalf of the defendant, Webb.

In answer to questions by Webb's attorneys, Dr. Mathis said he first became acquainted with Joseph H. Adams after being elected to the Board of Education. Several persons came to him and told him that Adams was unreliable and needed watching. It was suggested that there should be two strong men on every committee of which Adams was a member.

"Did not that suggestion come from Mr. Webb?" asked Oliver. "I don't remember, but I think not. I think it was my own suggestion," replied Dr. Mathis. The witness went on to say that several men from the Seventh Ward expressed suspicions about Adams, and similar warnings were given by several members of the Board of Education. "Adams came to me," continued Dr. Mathis, "on the evening that I was named for chairman of the committee. He would not vote for me unless he was made chairman of some important committee. I can't remember what committee he wanted, but I remember the weakest member of the board. By that I mean he was the most apt to fall into temptation."

Dr. Mathis said that he had heard Webb criticize Adams and had heard him say that Adams would get the board into trouble because of his actions. Dr. Mathis could not remember when he was that Webb made this remark.

School Director Conroy was then called to the stand. He testified that he first became acquainted with Adams in December, 1896. Though he at first supposed Adams harmless, insinuations soon reached him that Adams was dishonest. The first insinuation of this sort was in July last, and came from Dr. Mathis, who had received information of crooked work in connection with the janitorship of the High School.

Webb asked a number of questions, evidently designed to show that he made no effort to remember anything of his questions were apparently rather unsatisfactory to him. Mr. Conroy spoke of two other insinuations made by the teachers' committee were not made, in his opinion, solely upon considerations of merit.

The next witness was School Director Bartlett.

"Are you a member of the Teachers' Committee?" asked Webb. "I am—or was," said Bartlett, hastily correcting himself, while a laugh ran through the audience.

After some unimportant testimony concerning the appointment of school principals, Bartlett began the narration of various circumstances which convinced him that Adams was crooked. In April or May, 1897, he talked with Dr. Mathis about the subject. His suspicions were soon confirmed by Webb, who told him of evidence that Adams was getting in some of the work of the school. It was necessary to report the facts to the board, because he had only hearsay evidence of them.

Adams usurped authority in the matter of several contracts, notably in a contract for painting. "I was very much worked up about this," said Bartlett, "because I thought Adams was taking a very dishonest advantage. The prosecution elicited the fact that Webb had told the witness of some of Adams's peculiar transactions, but no other member of the board knew of or known of them, so far as the witness was aware."

Bartlett's testimony concerning Adams's crookedness occupied some time. The most important point brought out, and one which was not sought by the defense, was that Webb was aware of his crookedness long before the election of teachers in June. As Webb denied this when on the stand, the testimony was important.

Bartlett was the last witness called by the defense. He merely announced enigmatically that "a little matter had come to his ears which he proposed to investigate, and that he might wish to bring up later." "If the statement I have heard is true," he added, "there will be no rebuttal."

The prosecution then entered upon the introduction of evidence in rebuttal. C. L. Ennis, Deputy Superintendent of Schools, was sworn. He testified that he had held his position for two years and a half, and part of his duties had been to go to the schools. He remembered the case of J. H. Adams—on one occasion he marked her "p-o-r" but he never gave her a mark of "poor," her mark being "fair." Her mark for the year was "poor." The witness said that his marks were turned over to the Teachers' Committee.

Better City Government had ever attempted to influence his official acts. Mr. Ennis insisted that he did not give Miss Owen a marking of "poor." He said in answer to a question by Webb that even if shown the book of the Teachers' Committee in which Miss Owen was marked "poor," he would not believe that he gave the mark.

Webb finally gave up the effort to gain corroboration from the witness, remarking, "Well, it is simply your own case, Ennis, and it doesn't make any difference."

TOO MUCH JOHNSON.

Edward North, the next witness, said that on the evening when Webb first testified before the Board of Education, witnesses were seated on the stand with Harry Johnson, the secretary of the board. Johnson said that he had a hard day's work before him as he had to read over all of Webb's testimony in order to corroborate it the next day. On one occasion Johnson told Ennis that it was the duty of a Mason to defend a fellow-Mason from everything except murder and treason. Johnson is a Mason.

W. H. Goehner, a solicitor for the W. P. Fuller Company, said that Mr. Edwards, another employee of the company, came to him in April or May, 1897, and said that Adams had told him that unless he was something in it for him the Fuller Company would not get a contract which it was seeking. Witness went to Adams, who declared that the Fuller Company was not interested in the matter. As witness could not agree with Adams as to the amount of the commission to be paid to the committee, the matter was referred to Axtell, who in turn sent the solicitor to Webb. The latter, according to witness, declined to allow anything of the kind.

This testimony was corroborated by E. H. Edwards, employed by the same company. He said that Adams tried to hold him up for a 10 per cent. rake-off on the job under consideration. Witness refused to pay and notified Webb, who said that he would bring the matter before the board if Adams repeated the demand. Nothing more was heard from Adams. This occurred in the spring of 1897. About a month ago Webb spoke to witness and remarked that the story of the occurrence had gotten out.

George W. Trowbridge, a Times reporter, was then called to the stand to identify concerning the anonymous note sent to Webb in November and which Webb has lately declared was an attempt to hold him up. The purpose of this testimony was to show the falsity of Webb's insinuations published in the San Francisco Call.

Mr. Trowbridge related the circumstances under which he first learned of the existence of the anonymous note, in company with James B. Scott, P. F. Rice and Allen Kelly, the city editor of The Times, had with Webb and the latter told him that Adams had written him a letter in which he said that he did not believe and never had believed that Trowbridge had anything to do with the note.

This testimony was fully corroborated by James B. Scott, who was one of the witnesses present at the interview in Webb's store. He said that Webb disclaimed any knowledge of the anonymous note had come from Trowbridge and that Webb added that he did not think Trowbridge capable of such a disgraceful thing. The testimony of both of these witnesses corresponded exactly with the facts as published heretofore in The Times and clearly proved the falsity of Webb's assertion that the anonymous note was an attempt to hold him up. Secretary Harry Johnson asked permission to testify in his own behalf. In reply to the evidence of the witnesses he was sworn and proceeded to deny North's statement about the conversation between them on the night when he was called before the board. Johnson denied that he had said that "he had a hard day's work before him, as he must read over Webb's testimony." He said that he could not have made such a statement. Webb's testimony was not to be written up until the next afternoon. Johnson admitted that he told North that he believed himself bound to stand by a brother Mason in every case but treason and murder. "I would not go out of my way to convict a Mason," he added.

This concluded the testimony. Some discussion ensued concerning the date of the next session, but it was finally adjourned until that time.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Appreciated Finesse. LOS ANGELES, Jan. 14.—[To the Editor of The Times:] In my "Press Clippings" I find an article from your edition of January 1, 1898, in relation to the case of the Los Angeles Herald. I consider said article in its entirety the most correct and valuable, historically and statistically, that has ever been in print, from the fact that while its information from a general or national standpoint can be obtained from the individual or special records of the various orders mentioned, yet you have gathered them in a brief, pithy and useful epitome, giving at a glance the marvelous record of their work and status and compelling the business mind to pause, at least a moment, and be amazed at the mighty results accomplished by the effort to do good to their fellow-men.

You have deserved and will receive the appreciation of every thinking person in matter of what order. Fraternally, WILLIAM H. BARNES, Editor New Age, A.O.U.W. Bulletin.

Not German, but Scotch.

CARPENTERIA, Jan. 12, 1898.—[To the Editor of The Times:] On page 6 of your issue of today I read a paragraph which says that the piper of the Gordon Highlanders played after being shot in both legs was a German. I take the liberty to state that it was Piper Findlater that played to the Gordon Highlanders who were shot at Dargal Ridge on October 20, and who continued playing after being wounded three times, the third time through both legs. The piper of the Gordon Highlanders, Aberdeen shire, Scotland, and joined the First Battalion, Gordon Highlanders, at their regimental depot, Aberdeen, in 1880. He never served other places in the charge, and all were wounded, they were also natives of Aberdeenshire.

I have a pretty liberal acquaintance with numerous pipers and also civilians who play, but I never knew of a German who played the Scottish bagpipe. Being from Aberdeenshire myself and a piper, I hope you will insert this correction. HENRY WALKER.

May Close the Gate.

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—Many of the western people are borrowing trouble over the probable action of the Union Pacific regarding the Ogden gateway, when once it has secured control of the Oregon Short Line. While there is a four in some places that it may close the gateway as it did in the past, the roads say that they are not looking for any such action. The Union Pacific is now controlled by the Vanderbilts, and as they have always treated all of their connections in a fair manner, it is not expected that they will now try to close the Ogden gateway to the roads which enter there.

Americans Arrested in Mexico. CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 14.—Four Americans have been arrested here and are rigorous incommunicado, because they are suspected of complicity of robberies great in magnitude. The gang numbers twelve men.

TAMING THE SHREW.

Prof. Gleason Gives an Excellent Exhibition of His Skill.

Prof. Gleason, the horse-tamer, gave an exhibition of his skill in subduing vicious and unmanageable horses at Hazard's Pavilion last night. There was a large and very much interested audience present, and the horse-tamer fully justified all his claims.

A number of horses which had never before been in harness were broken and then Prof. Gleason said that when he was here three years ago he broke a bronco for one Mr. Moffatt. He had been told that the horse had never been used since that time in harness or under saddle, but had been allowed to run wild. Mr. Moffatt corroborated this statement.

"Now," said Prof. Gleason, "I am going to try an experiment. Mr. Moffatt has kindly had the horse caught up on his ranch and brought here, and I want to try and prove tonight that the animal remembers me."

Gleason then stepped out of sight and the horse brought was taken out who were hanging on to ropes and straps about its neck, into the arena with a rush. Gleason let the animal kick and paw around for half a minute, and then stepped out and spoke to it. The horse followed him like a dog around the place, and was driven every conceivable way without getting nervous. The exhibition was wonderful as much on account of establishing the recollection of the horse, as displaying Gleason's skill.

The only other horse named which furnished any special feature was a vicious mare that tried to climb on the stage and routed the band; reared on its hind legs, and fell over backward, and kicked at everything and everybody in sight for half an hour. Gleason was patient, however, and at the end of the time mentioned the mare was trotting around, hitched to a sulky, over exploding firecrackers, and with a string of tin pans tied to her tail.

A man-eating stallion is to be brought to the professor while he is here this time, and he proposes to subdue him. Horsemen are much interested in this case, as the animal in question is a valuable one, but has never been of use because of his murderous disposition.

PERSONAL.

Hon. L. M. Lloyd of Berkeley, Cal., is spending a few days in the city at the Ramona.

E. P. Gray of the California Construction Company of San Francisco, is at the Hollenbeck.

E. W. Harness, Pacific Coast Elavator Inspector, is among the arrivals at the Hollenbeck.

Galusha Anderson, a Chicago banker, is at the Hollenbeck, accompanied by his wife and son. They will spend the winter here.

George W. Conroy, special agent of the Hartford Insurance Company, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and went to the Hollenbeck.

The Mud Won't Stick.

[Stockton Evening Mail:] The San Francisco Call editorially berates the Los Angeles Herald for accusing it of distorting the facts of the school scandal in the southern city, and in the same issue publishes a column of Los Angeles correspondence which is an apparent unfair effort to smirch the character of the chairman of the school board, who helped to drag the scandal to light. The Call should muzzle its correspondent or suppress its editorial indignation.

Failure to Provide.

H. T. Kenoyer, an employee of the City Transfer Company, was yesterday arrested on complaint of his wife, Sadie, for failure to provide for her and his two children, aged 1 and 3, respectively. Kenoyer pleaded not guilty before Justice Morrison, and was released on bail. He has been separated from his wife for some weeks.

Bixby Held for Burglary.

After frittering away almost another day in Justice Morrison's court, John Bixby was held to answer for burglary, despite the frantic efforts of his counsel to secure an acquittal. As a thief, he believed himself bound to stand by a brother Mason in every case but treason and murder. "I would not go out of my way to convict a Mason," he added.

A LETTER TO WOMEN.

A few words from Mrs. Smith, of Philadelphia, will certainly corroborate the claim that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is woman's ever reliable friend.

"I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly. For nine weeks I was in bed suffering with inflammation and congestion of the ovaries. I had a discharge all the time. When lying down all the time, I felt quite comfortable; but as soon as I would put my feet on the floor, the pains would come back."

"Every one thought it was impossible for me to get well. I was paying \$1 per day for doctor's visits and 75 cents a day for medicine. I made up my mind to try Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has effected a complete cure for me, and I have all the faith in the world in it. What a blessing to woman it is!"—Mrs. JENNIE L. SMITH, No. 234 Kaufman St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Last Day of Sale Today.

253 S. Spring St., (Opposite Stimson Block)

The Extraordinary Collection of EUROPEAN CERAMICS, BRICA-BRAC, ANTIQUES, ARTISTIC FURNITURE and OLD PAINTINGS

To be sold at Auction Today, January 15, at 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. Remember, this is the LAST DAY OF SALE.

Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE Los Angeles Electric Company will be held at the company's office, No. 450 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal., on Wednesday, the 19th inst., at 10 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors to serve for the ensuing year, and until their successors shall have been elected and qualified, and also to transact such other business as may be presented for their consideration.

WM. H. BURNS, Secretary.

Some women save their time. " " " " " money. " " " " " strength. The wisest woman saves all. She uses Pearlina.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 4, 1898.

THIS IS THE BOTTLE.



SHERWOOD & SHERWOOD.

SAMUEL NEVER REMOVED

347 S. Broadway

CROCKERY and GLASSWARE.

Decorated China Lamps.

Our New Store is full of HOLIDAY BARGAINS.

See Our Display in Windows

FOR Alaska

The Steamer "Alice Blanchard" will start for San Pedro, Feb. 10, 1898, for Alaska, via San Francisco and Seattle, for Fort Wrangel, Dyea, Skagway, Juneau and Copper River.

FARE, \$100 to Alaskan points, allowing each passenger 1500 pounds freight. This is the only expedition leaving Southern California. Secure passage at once.

For full information, call on or address H. R. DUFFIN, Mgr. 212 S. Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Drs. Smith & Tracy, Specialists in RECTAL and FEMALE DISEASES.

Brinkerhoff System of Treatment. Office, 213 and 214 Lankershim Building. Tel. Green 41. Spring and Third sts.

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Floral Funeral Designs... REASONABLE PRICES. SO. CAL. FLORAL CO., No. 255 South Spring St., opposite Stimson Block. MORRIS GOLDENSON, Manager. Telephone 1218.

OVER 2500 PIECES Persian and Turkish RUGS

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BOOK FREE

Manufacturers of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. Every form of stomach weakness cured by this wonderful new discovery.

Some women save their time. " " " " " money. " " " " " strength. The wisest woman saves all. She uses Pearlina.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 4, 1898.

And this is the United States government stamp of approval of the best whisky in America.

The guarantee of the government upon the stamp over the cork of each bottle of

"O. F. C." WHISKY is as follows:

"Bottled in bond under the supervision of the United States government. 100 per cent. proof."

You can secure this superior whisky from reliable dealers, including

SHERWOOD & SHERWOOD.

LEGAL.

Notice of Application for Leave to Mortgage.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of the Los Angeles Orphan Asylum, a corporation, for leave to mortgage certain property to secure the payment of indebtedness of said corporation. Notice of application for leave to mortgage.

Notice is hereby given that the Los Angeles Orphan Asylum, a corporation, has applied to the court for leave to mortgage certain property belonging to said corporation, situated in the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, state of California, and bounded and described as follows, to wit:

First: Lots one (1) two (2) and three (3) of David's subdivision of a portion of lot 1, block 18, of Hancock's survey, according to map of said subdivision recorded in book 5, page 508, of miscellaneous records of said Los Angeles county.

Second: Commencing at the northeast corner of lot two (2) in block fifty-eight (58) of Hancock's survey, and running thence 27 deg. 31 min. W. along the easterly line of said lot two (2) eleven chains and fifty (50) links; thence N. 32 deg. 13 min. W. six (6) chains and eleven (11) links; thence N. 1 deg. W. four (4) chains and fifty-five (55) links; thence N. 22 deg. 30 min. E. two (2) chains and six (6) links; thence N. 8 deg. E. 27 min. W. one (1) chain and five (5) links; thence N. 9 deg. 28 min. E. six (6) chains and fifty-eight (58) links to the southerly line of Stevenson avenue; thence S. 63 deg. 4 min. E. along the southerly line of Stevenson avenue ten (10) chains and ninety-four (94) links to the place of beginning, containing 10.627 acres of land, and being that portion of said lot two (2) block fifty-eight (58) which is designated as lot A on map accompanying conveyance by the city of Los Angeles to Francis W. de Shepley, and recorded in book 155, page 58, of deeds, records of said Los Angeles county.

To secure the payment of thirty thousand dollars, which amount it is alleged by said corporation, is requisite for the defraying of indebtedness incurred for a new loan and mortgage to take up a note and mortgage executed March 28, 1892, under order of this court, which original indebtedness was incurred in carrying out the objects for which said corporation was organized, and especially in the erection of a certain building located upon said premises, said sum of thirty thousand dollars, said corporation alleges, is to be loaned by the Los Angeles Savings Bank, said corporation's promissory note for said sum, payable on March 1, 1900, with interest at the rate of nine per cent. per annum, interest payable quarterly, and it not so paid the whole sum of principal and interest immediately to become due and payable, and the interest to be compounded quarterly at the same rate. Said note to be paid in gold coin of the United States, and said corporation to contain the several covenants and agreements set forth in the petition for leave to mortgage this day filed in this court, and to which reference is hereby made for further particulars.

Upon the filing of said petition an order was made by said court setting the hearing thereon for Monday, the 17th day of January, 1898, at ten o'clock a.m., and it was by said order required that the clerk of this court should give notice of said application by publication in the Los Angeles Times, for five days from this date.

Now, therefore, all parties interested are hereby notified of the hearing aforesaid, and to show cause in this court at the courtroom thereof, department 3, at the courthouse in Los Angeles city, county of Los Angeles, state of California, on Monday, the 17th day of January, 1898, at ten o'clock a.m., why said application should not be granted as prayed for.

Dated, January 11, 1898. T. E. NEWLIN, clerk.

By C. G. Keyes, deputy clerk.

Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE Los Angeles Light and Power Company will be held at the company's office, No. 450 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal., on Wednesday, the 19th inst., at 10 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors to serve for the ensuing year, and until their successors shall have been elected and qualified, and also to transact such other business as may be presented for their consideration.

R. M. ADAMS, Secretary.

Stockholders Meeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Baker Iron Works will be held at the office of their works in the city of Los Angeles, State of California, at 8 o'clock p.m. on Thursday, January 27, 1898, for the purpose of electing a board of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them.

J. E. SILLIS, secretary.

DR. GOMEZ, Specialist of Diseases of Women, Removed to 452 S. Spring. Tel. 1156.

ANNUAL

Midwinter Number

OF THE Los Angeles Times.

Three Parts: 84 Pages (magazine size) and Cover—Over 200 Spirited Illustrations.

The largest, the best-arranged and most brilliantly illustrated; the most thorough, accurate and comprehensive; the most luminous, interesting and informing; the most picturesque, potent and graphic issue ever sent out by The Times.

Price, 10 Cents; Postage, 3 Cents.

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FANTASTIC SOCIALISTS.

Refuse to Take Part in Parade for World Renown.

The Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association is making arrangements for the celebration of January 24, when the Permanent Home Products Exhibition will be opened, and one of the features of the celebration is to be an industrial parade. All the labor organizations have been invited to take part in the parade. To this invitation, local union No. 63, of the "International Brotherhood of Bookbinders" replies as follows:

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 13, 1898.—Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, City, Gentlemen: Your communication, inviting the local Bookbinders' Union, No. 63, to participate in the parade on the afternoon of January 24, to celebrate the opening of the Home Products Exhibit and the 100th anniversary of the discovery of gold in California, was duly received and read.

It was deliberately discussed, and the following are our sentiments in regard to the invitation:

That the interest of the wage-worker does not lie in the same path as your association, that the direct object of the reason that it matters not to us if more men are employed in this city or less in others, as the wage of labor is regulated by the demand for it, and all commerce and our great industries have only one object—to decrease the demand for labor, or, in other words, to decrease the cost of production, so that the profit will be greater. Trades unions therefore are the result of our commercialism, and are trying to protect themselves by having a class organization, for we recognize the common enemy. But still we know that our commercialism is a direct result of our competitive system, and only hope that it will pass away as peacefully as it came.

In regard to the commemoration of the discovery of gold, has not the pursuit of gold lured thousands of men from their homes to engage in the production of an article that, upon the whole, has proven anything but a blessing to mankind?

The mining of gold in California has destroyed thousands of acres of agricultural lands that would have proved mines of great wealth and conducive to a better civilization than the gambling attendant on the placers of the Comstock lode.

That apart from all this we must state that the general condition of labor at the present time is of no hopeless character as to occupy their attention to the exclusion of all merry-making whatever; that their fruitless search for work, with the alternative of beggary, theft, starvation or suicide, cannot be well regarded as grounds for joy in the fact that we can only ask will the golden jubilee relieve the poverty-stricken slave? We think not.

Therefore, we respectfully beg to be excused from taking part in the celebration, but thank you for the same.

Yours respectfully,
[Signed] O. HESSE,
Secretary.

Per A. Krause, correspondent.

SALOON ROBBED.

Burglar Rifles the Cash Register of the Elintracht.

The till of the Elintracht saloon on North Spring street was robbed Thursday night, the burglar getting away with about \$30 in money and several bottles of whiskey.

The burglar had secreted himself in a coal bunker in the rear of the saloon. After the saloon was closed for the night he came out of his hiding place and cut a hole through the door of the water closet so as to enable him to reach the bolt on the other side of the door. The bolt being drawn it was an easy thing for him to walk into the saloon and help himself to the contents of the cash register.

Luckily for the burglar, a new bar-keeper who did not know the combination of the safe was on duty during the evening, so the evening's receipts were left in the till instead of being placed in the safe.

After the burglar had robbed the cash register he took a bottle of the best whiskey in the house and sat down at a table in a lunch room in the rear of the saloon and refreshed himself. Then he unbarred a window, tore off the screen on the outside and crawled out.

The burglary was well planned, and although it did not net rich results, the haul made was probably all the thief had counted upon, and paid him well for his trouble. There is no clew to the burglar.

SALE CLOSSES TODAY.

Last Opportunity of Obtaining Works of the Masters.

Misdeeds Low Figures at the Grossbaum Art Collection.

During the Grossbaum art sale which has been conducted for the past few days at 233 South Spring street, the exhibit has been the center of attraction for the art-loving population of the city. The sale has been unusually successful thus far, attracting a constant and enthusiastic throng. Up to this time more than \$35,000 worth of the rarest gems of art from Europe and the Orient have been disposed of, and today's sales will doubtless carry the amount above \$50,000. Mr. Grossbaum, though somewhat chary of promising to come again, owing to the ridiculously low figures at which sales have been made, expressed himself as reasonably well pleased with the general result.

The advent of this sale in the city has awakened the keenest interest among ladies and gentlemen alike. Though L. M. Grossbaum expressed some doubts about returning to the city next year, a leading society lady, who frequents the European galleries and collections, upon hearing him, remarked that he should do so, if only for the pleasure which his coming has afforded to visitors and patrons this year.

Though many of the finest pieces of the collection have been reserved for today's sale, the list of selections already made is an attractive one. The wife of a leading banker has become the proud possessor of the gorgeous Verri Grandfather's clock, which has received merited admiration from the first, for \$200. A Dresden vase at \$157, and an ebony table at \$190 were also secured by the same fortunate purchaser, with many other choice numbers.

Another single purchaser's account foots up above \$500, and her purchases are of the historic and artistic gems of the collection. A visiting tourist from Louisville secured a Royal Vienna vase at \$500; while to another a Vienna tea set was sold for \$150. A Sevres dinner set of 15 pieces brought \$850; a choice bit of Capo di Monte brought \$125; a Vienna lamp \$116, a writing cabinet \$72, and another of the same—both Marquetier—sold at \$202. Our Sevres vase, elaborately decorated in historic painting, brought \$825, and a Sevres, of smaller size, was knocked down at \$235.

The low price at which sales have been made has stimulated connoisseurs to take advantage of the opportunity to add to their collections. The feeling which has been aroused by the event is that of gratitude to the management for its chance to view and study the rarest productions of art from all schools and epochs in Los Angeles. Many pieces alike from their historic value, their antiquity, and their decoration by the world's greatest artists, are of priceless value.

Today is the last day of the sale. Those who have not already done so should not fail to attend.

CHARITY ORGANIZATION.

Friday Morning Club Discusses an Interesting Topic.

Charity organization was the subject discussed at the meeting of the Friday Morning Club yesterday. The evolution of the Associated Charities and its methods were specially considered, and the discussion that followed was participated in by a large number of the members and visitors.

W. C. Patterson spoke of his scheme for providing barracks in one of the large parks where meals and lodgings could be furnished in return for work on the park, and for additional work small wages could be paid. The scheme had been discouraged, however, by politicians for selfish reasons. Miss Wadsworth outlined the working of the local Associated Charities and warned of the danger of aiding those applicants for charity who refused to go to that organization.

Rev. W. D. P. Bliss of Boston thought that the Associated Charities did not go far enough; that the bad poor needed to be helped and put to work even more than the deserving poor, and that the real evil could only be reached through better municipal government. Mrs. M. C. Graham, Macneil, J. S. Vosburg, Longstreet and others also took part in the discussion. The meeting was preceded by a brief report by Mrs. Collier, chairman of the Subscription Committee, in regard to the building proposition. Subscribers were requested to meet for conference and advise with the committee on Tuesday at 10:30 a.m. in the committee-room, and the speaker hoped that each member of the club would subscribe at least one share to aid in securing the sum of \$7500 necessary before a building site could be selected.

Tomorrow afternoon the men's meeting at the Y.M.C.A. will be addressed by Rev. W. D. Bliss of Boston, who has been holding a "social mission" at St. Paul's Episcopal Church the past week.

Boxing at Manhattan Club.

Bob Thompson of Salt Lake knocked out Harry Houston of Oklahoma in three rounds at the Manhattan Club last night. The go was put up for fifteen rounds, and a purse of \$75. The colored boy had all the best of the fight from the start, and the finish was easily foretold.

Two preliminary events, one a four-round go between Ben Maxwell of Stockton and Rufus Thompson of Denver, resulting in a draw, and a six-round go between Herbert Swift of Arizona and Robert Jones of Los Angeles, resulting in a decision in favor of the latter, were by far the better part of the exhibition. Jones was given a purse of \$15.

Blackburn's Pot Shot.

Officer Blackburn yesterday afternoon raided a Chinese gambling joint on Marchessault street and arrested eleven white men who were toying with the chips. They gave the names of Peter Wolf, L. Holden, W. Foster, Fred Amen, J. W. Wheeler, James Lane, W. Smith, George Cassullo, M. Minear, E. J. Lopez and M. Cole, and were booked on "suspicion" until it shall be decided what charge will best fit the case. Officer Blackburn states that they are a hard gang, who have been infesting Chinatown for some time, and who were evidently up to mischief.

Maine People Meet.

The regular monthly meeting of the Pine Tree State Association at the Friday Morning Club Hall last evening was largely attended. The programme was opened with a recitation by Miss Jessie York; the president, Dr. Plummer, made a brief address; E. E. Hastings read the minutes of Maine in 1840; Mr. Simonton read a poem, and the secretary read a letter from Mr. Packard, a member of the association, who is in Dyea, Alaska.

Another Santa Barbara Burglar. Detective Steele yesterday arrested a young man named Tom Ryan on a telephoned description from Santa Barbara. He is supposed to be a member of the gang of Santa Barbara burglars, four of whom were arrested here several days ago by Detectives Steele and Bradish. Deputy Sheriff Storn of Santa Barbara arrived here yesterday afternoon to take charge of the prisoner.

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKY



FOR MEDICINAL USE
NO FUSEL OIL

The best possible cure for dyspepsia. It gently stimulates the stomach and thus helps it to do its work. Sold by all druggists and grocers. Send for illustrated pamphlet.

DUFFY MALT WHISKY CO.
Rochester, N. Y.

IT IS

YOUR SYSTEM THAT IS ALL WRONG. HUDYAN will make it all right again. You have dreams. HUDYAN gives you sweet and peaceful sleep. You know that there are other men on earth who are more manly than you. HUDYAN remedio-treatment for a week will alter this. You ought to be as strong as your next-door neighbor. HUDYAN will give you the vitality that it needs to make a whole man. But remember that it is only

HUDYAN

Yes, HUDYAN that will do this. You want to get rid of those shaking hands. Ask about the great remedio-treatment. You want to get that grand world fairly in the face. Ask about the great remedio-treatment. You want energy, and you want life. Ask about that grand remedio-treatment. Free as the air you breathe are the circulars and testimonials. All you have to do is to ask for them. Write and see today.

THAT

You are a weakling it needs no one to tell you. You cannot even walk with your head up. Get HUDYAN and you will be able to. Get the HUDYAN treatment and you will know yourself in a week. But you are going from bad to worse at this moment. Stop! Yes STOP! And stop this very minute. You can get HUDYAN as well today as you will be able to get it tomorrow. Be a man, and be a good one.

CURES.

All classes of curable diseases are cured at the grand old Hudson Medical Institute. "Thirty Day Blood Cure" circulars are free, too, and if you will but describe your disease and give the doctors a chance to help you, you will be CURED!

Hudson Medical Institute,
Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.



This gown, fashioned to have a red velvet lining, has one skirt in medium width, with a decided flare, while it is still tight-fitting. It fastens at one side, and there is a band of narrow fur or of black velvet running down the length of the skirt from the belt to the hem. The body of the waist is very graceful, and while evidently tight-fitting is quite loose in effect. The cut of this gown is furnished by a tissue-paper pattern issued by Harper's Bazar, where it appears. The distinctive part of it is the revers, which turn-over until they reach

..The Sale of the Century..

The re-organization of the incorporation of "THE FASHION FANCY GOODS STORE," as announced in the papers of the 13th inst., and the great sale of the immensely large and beautiful stock of exclusive merchandise has indeed caused a great deal of excitement, and is universally acknowledged to have been correctly named "THE SALE OF THE CENTURY."

It would take a whole newspaper to enumerate the thousand and one great bargains that you'll find here. We mention the following just to give you an idea of the quality of this very exclusive aggregation of Ladies' Goods.

<p>Great "Kid Glove" Bargains.</p> <p>Kid Gloves whose quality you cannot better in any store in Los Angeles; whose price never was lower than that asked at this exclusive Kid Glove House. Now you buy them for even less.</p> <p>2-CLASP "AMAZON"—A magnificent Real Kid in all colors and sizes, sold at \$1.50 per pair even before the Makleley bill went into effect; now they are only..... 98c</p> <p>2-CLASP "EXCELSIOR"—A Gentleman's Exclusive Plaque Walking Glove that we reduced from \$1.50 per pair to only..... 98c</p> <p>4-BUTTON "ENNELS"—"SHOOK" "NIAGARA"—Two lines of Gloves that sold for \$1.75, and no better goods to be found in all Los Angeles at the price. We have marked them down to..... \$1.18</p> <p>POSTER PAUL & CO.'s Genuine 5-hook "Fowler" Real Kid Gloves, latest style large enamel boxes, swell shadings and colors, and during this sale the price per pair will be only..... \$1.21</p> <p>4-BUTTON "FONTAINE"—Genuine French Kid of choicest selected skins, handsome shades, perfect make, well worth \$1.75 the pair, but during this great sale they're only..... \$1.26</p> <p>2-CLASP "TREFOUSSE"—..... \$1.38</p> <p>2-CLASP "WELDON"—..... \$1.38</p> <p>2-CLASP "MOCHA"—..... \$1.38</p> <p>4-BUTTON "ENNELS"—..... \$1.38</p> <p>MEN'S 2-CLASP "THISTLE"—Genuine Imported French Real Kid, in all the latest shades, the Gloves that sell for \$1.50, and during this sale make a reputation at..... \$1.38</p>	<p>Great "Corset" Bargains.</p> <p>All \$2 Imported "P.D." Corsets reduced to only..... \$1.63</p> <p>All \$2.25 Imported "P.D." Corsets reduced to only..... \$1.73</p> <p>All Imported \$2.75 "P.D." Corsets reduced to only..... \$2.40</p> <p>All \$3.50 Imported "P.D." Corsets reduced to only..... \$2.78</p> <p>All \$3.50 Imported "P.D." Corsets reduced to only..... \$2.78</p> <p>All \$1.25 Imported "P.D." Corsets reduced to only..... \$3.39</p> <p>All \$4.50 Imported "P.D." Corsets reduced to only..... \$3.90</p> <p>All \$1 Imported "J.B." Corsets reduced to only..... 79c</p> <p>All \$1.75 Imported "J.B." Corsets reduced to only..... \$1.40</p> <p>All \$3.50 Broadened "J.E." Corsets reduced to only..... \$3.15</p> <p>\$1 Chicago Walists for only..... 80c</p> <p>\$1.25 Jackson Walists for only..... \$1.00</p> <p>\$2.50 Jackson Walists for only..... \$1.90</p> <p>\$1.25 Featherbone Corsets for only..... 79c</p> <p>All 7c Corsets for only..... 30c</p> <p>5 Different Styles of the Celebrated "N. & L." Corsets,</p> <p>Reduced from \$1.25 to only, per pair..... 90c</p> <p>The Greatest... Corset Sale</p> <p>That Ever took Place in this City.</p>	<p>Great "Ribbon" Bargains.</p> <p>Over 2000 yards of the prettiest and newest effects in all silk ribbon; ribbon that sold for 5 cents, 40 cents, 50 cents, 15c and even more in a few cases; all go on sale for only, per yard..... 15c</p> <p>RIBBONS OF WORTH—Beautiful new designs of the renowned "Fair and Square" brand of high-class ribbons; there are no cheap things in the lot, many sold for upward of 75c yd, but we believe you'll buy rapidly now when we remark the entire lot to only, per yard..... 19c</p> <p>Hosiery...</p> <p>In order to thoroughly introduce the many great bargains we are offering in the line of Ladies' and Gents' Hosiery we will offer an extraordinary great 50c value for only 25c per pair. When you see these you'll want to see the other bargains sure.</p> <p>Some 1200 'Kerchiefs.</p> <p>Every one a gem. Everyone as fine and pretty as can be, and all were sold at 50 cents each, but we reduce them only for this sale to..... 23c</p> <p>We have bargains in this department in articles from 10c to \$15 a piece.</p>	<p>Great "Corset Cover" Bargains.</p> <p>All 25c Corset Covers reduced to only..... 19c</p> <p>All 35c Corset Covers reduced to only..... 25c</p> <p>All 45c Corset Covers reduced to only..... 45c</p> <p>All 50c Corset Covers reduced to only..... 50c</p> <p>All 60c Corset Covers reduced to only..... 60c</p> <p>All 70c Corset Covers reduced to only..... 70c</p> <p>Chemises, Drawers, Gowns, Skirts</p> <p>All the regular lines that we always sold for 25c go for..... 18c</p> <p>The many different 90c lines will be closed out for..... 34c</p> <p>Those lines we sold for 60c and 80c will sell for..... 38c</p> <p>The greatest variety of patterns ever shown at 70c and 81c..... 48c</p> <p>We have reduced the price on..... \$1.18</p> <p>\$1.25 lines to..... 85c</p> <p>\$1.50 lines to..... 92c</p> <p>\$1.75 lines to..... \$1.18</p> <p>\$2.00 lines to..... \$1.25</p> <p>\$2.50 lines to..... \$1.40</p> <p>And so on in still greater proportion as the grades grow higher. We show fine garments that sold for \$15 each reduced to only..... \$8.18</p> <p>Knit Underwear.</p> <p>The celebrated "MUNSON NON-SHINKABLE" at less price than manufacturer's cost.</p> <p>Vests and Drawers.</p> <p>Natural and White, High Neck and Long Sleeve Vests and ankle-length Drawers.</p> <p>\$1.15 Garments reduced to..... 80c</p> <p>\$1.25 Garments reduced to..... 76c</p> <p>\$1.35 Garments reduced to..... 81c</p> <p>\$1.75 Garments reduced to..... \$1.04</p> <p>Combination Suits.</p> <p>\$2.00 Suits reduced to..... \$1.31</p> <p>\$2.25 Suits reduced to..... \$1.57</p> <p>\$2.50 Suits reduced to..... \$1.83</p> <p>\$3.25 Suits reduced to..... \$2.09</p> <p>Misses' "Munson Combination" Suits reduced from \$1.75 to..... 92c</p> <p>Misses' "Munson" Vests and Pants reduced from 75c to only..... 44c</p> <p>The Onelta Combination Suits.</p> <p>\$1.25 Suits reduced to..... 78c</p> <p>\$1.75 Suits reduced to..... \$1.18</p> <p>\$2.00 Suits reduced to..... \$1.25</p> <p>\$2.50 Suits reduced to..... \$1.71</p> <p>\$3.00 Suits reduced to..... \$1.87</p> <p>Special Reductions.</p> <p>All lines of natural, sanitary and white wool, Swiss ribbed, merino and cotton, and the very fine lines of silk and silk and wool mixed knit undergarments have all been reduced way down.</p>
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The Fashion Fancy Goods Store,

251 South Broadway, Near Third St., Byrne Building.

BANKS.

Oldest and Largest Bank in Southern California.

Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles, Cal.

Capital Paid Up..... \$500,000.00

Surplus and Reserves..... \$750,000.00

DIRECTORS: W. H. Perry, O. W. Childs, J. F. Francis, C. E. Thom, I. W. Hellman, Jr., H. W. Hellman, A. Glassell, T. L. Duque, I. W. Hellman, Vice-President; H. F. Shaw, F. O. Johnson, H. E. Shattuck, J. A. Shaw, M. L. Fleming, Maurice S. Hellman, W. D. Longyear, Assistant Cashier.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.

N.E. COR. MAIN AND SECOND STREETS.

OFFICERS: J. F. SARTORI, President; MAURICE S. HELLMAN, Vice-President; W. D. LONGYEAR, Cashier.

Interest Paid on Term and Ordinary Deposits.

Money Loaned on First-Class Real Estate.

GERMAN AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK.

N.E. COR. MAIN AND FIRST STREETS, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Capital Paid Up..... \$100,000.00

Surplus and Undivided Profits..... \$43,300.00

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: VICTOR FOMER, Pres.; L. W. BLINN, First Vice-Pres.; N. P. FINE, Second Vice-Pres.; M. N. AVERY, Cashier; F. F. SCHUMACHER, Asst. Cashier; E. Eyraud, Dr. Joseph Kuria, C. Brode, H. W. Stoll.

Interest paid on deposits. Loans made on real estate.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CALIFORNIA.

Capital and Profits..... \$270,000.00

OFFICERS: J. M. C. MARBLE, President; O. H. CHURCHILL, Vice-President; J. T. JOHNSON, Cashier; J. M. LUTZ, Assistant Cashier; H. M. LUTZ, Assistant Cashier; W. S. DE VAN, Assistant Cashier; SRED O. JOHNSON, Assistant Cashier.

M. W. STIMSON, Pres. WM. PETERSON, Vice-Pres.

UNION BANK OF SAVINGS

DIRECTORS: M. W. Stimson, S. H. Mott, Wm. Ferguson, A. E. Pomeroy, R. H. P. Varrel, C. S. Cristy, F. C. Howes. Five per cent. interest paid on Term Deposits.

REMOVAL—Columbia Savings Bank

Have removed to their new rooms, the City Hall. DIRECTORS: T. D. Stimson, A. M. Ozman, H. Hale, R. J. Waters, M. Menne, J. R. Clark, H. J. Evans, Andrew Mulliken, A. West, R. P. Cullen, Niles Pease. President. Vice-President, Robert Hale; Cashier, A. P. West. Interest paid on deposits, and loans made on real estate.

STATE LOAN AND TRUST CO. OF LOS ANGELES.

Capital Paid Up in Gold Coin..... \$500,000.00

OFFICERS: H. J. Woolcott, Pres.; J. F. Towell, First V.P.; Warren Gillette, Second V.P.; J. W. A. Orr, Cashier; M. D. Lewis, Asst. Cashier. Safe-deposit boxes for rent.

A. H. CONGER, Suite 321 Wilcox Bldg.

Dealer in Municipal, School and Corporation Bonds, Local Bank Stocks and Negotiator of Real Estate Mortgages. Money to loan and financial trusts executed.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA SAVINGS BANK.

123 NORTH SPRING STREET. INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

DIRECTORS: J. H. Braly, J. M. Elliott, H. J. Evans, Frank A. Gibson, Simon Major, W. D. Woolwine, W. C. Patterson. SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF LOS ANGELES.

Capital stock..... \$400,000.00

Surplus and undivided profits over..... \$250,000.00

J. M. ELLIOTT, President

W. G. KIRKHOFF, Vice-President

FRANK A. GIBSON, Cashier

G. B. SHAFER, Assistant Cashier

W. G. KIRKHOFF, Assistant Cashier

J. D. Hooker, F. Q. Story, W. G. Kirkhoff, H. J. Evans, W. Patterson.

No public funds or other preferred deposits received by this bank.

C. F. Heinzenman, Druggist and Chemist.

222 North Main St., Los Angeles.

Prescriptions carefully compounded day or night.

The W. H. PERRY Lumber Mfg. Co.

LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL, Commercial Street.

Ladies

Facial blemishes of all kinds permanently removed. MRS. SHINNICK, Electrolytic and Electrician. Interest paid on term and ordinary deposits.



Strictly Reliable.

DR. TALCOTT & CO.

SPECIALISTS.

Diseases of Men Only

Every form of weakness, blood taints, discharges, varicocele, piles, rupture and results of badly treated diseases. Our practice is confined to these troubles and absolutely nothing else.

We Never Ask for a Dollar Until Cure is Affected.

We mean this emphatically and it is for everybody. We occupy the entire Wells-Fargo Block, and patients see only the doctors.

CORNER THIRD AND MAIN STREETS.

Private Side Entrance on Third Street.

If you want "Go to Godin's," 137 S. Spring St. Good Shoes

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

Los Angeles, Jan. 14, 1898.
NATIONAL BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

Replying to an inquiry of a correspondent in New York, regarding the National Building and Loan Association of Los Angeles, the United States Investor of January 1 said:

"The name of this company was changed from 'National Building and Loan Association' in the fall of 1896, to 'State Mutual Building and Loan Association,' as objection was raised to the use of the word 'national' by the Insurance Commissioners of the State. The character of the officers and directors is good, they being men of established reputation in the community, and the secretary, Mr. J. C. Underwood, is also well considered. We learn that the only criticism heard among the shareholders and others is that the expenses are too high in proportion to the business transacted. The dividends of the company, we understand, are not so large as in other associations, which, however, is a fair consideration of business, and have about the same membership and assets. Their loans are stated to be conservatively made, and among the shareholders are a number of bankers, in addition to those shown in the directory. The annual meeting of the association is held on Jan. 15, 1898, at which time certain amendments are to be acted upon.

"The object of these amendments is to change the plan of the Dayton plan. We quote from the company's call: 'The Dayton plan is more flexible, and is better adapted to the needs of people who have property, and are gradually supplanting the old system wherever it is introduced. It does away, so far as possible, with the trial of forced payments, fines and forfeitures. Investing members may pay each month on their shares or not, as they please, incurring no fine for non-payment of dues. The minimum member, it is true, must make a minimum payment each month, but has the privilege of paying as much more each month as he wishes. The building member receives a reduction on his loan, and stops interest on that amount, thus doing away with the most frequent objection to the building plan. The loan plan by the borrower, that he pays as much interest the last year as he does the first. Of course, this is not strictly the case, but it is very difficult to get the borrower to see this. The proposed change has been met with approval by the building and loan commissioners of this State, and the same has met with their hearty approval. We shall send a copy of these proposed amendments to the board, and if any technical objections are discovered, we shall be advised of it in time to correct them at the meeting.

"Following is a report of the association on October 1, 1897:

ASSETS.

Loans on real estate \$50,800.00
Loans on association stock \$65,022.00
Furniture and fixtures \$67.50
Accrued premium on bonds \$5,774.75
Real estate owned \$1,794.45
Real estate in process of foreclosure \$3,220.30
Real estate sold on contract \$352.70
Insurance taxes, etc. \$1,169.12
Sundry accounts, collected \$43.50
Cash and others \$17.50
Cash on hand and in bank \$10,491.39
Total \$166,132.23

LIABILITIES.

Paid up stock \$223,185.85
Monthly payments on bonds \$37,817.85
Earnings (prior to January 1, over and above cash dividends) \$4,777.69
Advance payments on premium and interest, July 1 \$530.40
Sundry accounts, collected and others \$1,340.56
Undivided earnings \$69.33
Total \$308,790.45

EXCESS OF ASSETS OVER LIABILITIES.

\$166,132.23
Total \$308,790.45
Total \$166,132.23

THE ASSOCIATION HAS 23,215 SHARES IN FORCE, AND A TOTAL OF SEVENTY-SIX BRANCHES.

COMMERCIAL.

THE TRADE-STAMP FRAUD.

Not content with printing columns in defense of Mr. Webb, the discredited school-board director, the San Francisco Call, which has been the best and most reliable of the "old thing," devotes over a column in its issue of Wednesday last to a campaign making an elaborate defense of the trade-stamp fraud.

This scheme was so severely set down upon by the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, that the city, backed by the police, has taken parties who were trying to introduce it a few weeks ago have given up.

The trade-stamp fraud has been denounced by the prominent commercial bodies of the United States, and by the most prominent commercial bodies of the country are endeavoring to obtain municipal legislation against the scheme which runs the business, yet the Call rushes to its defense.

What will the Call take up next?

SHORT POTATO CROP.

Not since 1892 has the potato crop of the United States proved so successful. Compared with the liberal crop of last year, there is an apparent falling off of nearly 30 per cent in tonnage, and the quality of the crop is deficient. The American agriculturist says:

"County and township returns from all the leading potato-growing States to this date show a total of 155,000 bushels in the short crop of 1897. The average yield of potatoes per acre is placed at 64 bushels, taking the country at large. Against 88 bushels in 1896, 89 bushels in 1895, and 62 bushels in 1894.

"Reasons for disaster to the potato crop of 1897 are about as varied as a multiplicity of causes could make them. Standing out with more prominence than any other two factors are blight and rot, as a result of extremes of weather conditions, and a general late and there failure of germination later serious drought, rust, scab, insects, etc., have all been prominently in evidence, though the character of the crop is less general than of the two first named. While the yield in bushels is small, the quality is also deficient. This is true of the best in the Northwest. Such portions of Canada as make a specialty of potatoes, notably Ontario and the Maritime provinces, show a general but not serious shortage.

FRUIT TRADE PUBLICATION.

A special holiday number of the Fruit Trade Journal and Dairy and Produce Review was published on January 1, consisting of seventy-four pages with a cover.

The paper contains a number of interesting articles on growing and marketing fruit.

KANSAS ORANGES.

An exchange states that oranges have been grown in Lyons, Kan., the owner of the tree

STATE OF TRADE.

Dun's Weekly Review.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—D. C. Dun & Co.'s review of trade will say in its issue of tomorrow that the year 1897 was a satisfactory one for the country.

It is all the better for the fact that there is no wild excitement in the speculative markets, and while stocks advance a little, grain yields a little. The payments of the principal clearinghouses, notwithstanding a decrease of New York, are less active in stocks, are 2.6 per cent. larger in 1897, and 10.1 per cent. larger over 1896. Earnings of all railroads in the United States are reported for December 43.279, indicating substantially the same rate of increase, exceeding last year by 3.5 per cent, and the earnings of 1897 for the same month are 43.279, indicating substantially the same rate of increase, exceeding last year by 3.5 per cent.

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City Briefs.

The Japanese Novelty Company of New York will give exhibitions in one of Fox's large show-windows today. A Hindu handkerchief puzzle will be given away with every \$1 purchase of hats or men's furnishings, made at Fox's store, corner Broadway and Second streets. The vanishing and producing of articles, such as gloves, hats, hills, etc., is most interesting. Don't fail to see it, as this is the last day.

Great offer for two weeks only. Pictures and frames from 50 cents up. Best crayon portraits, \$1; black and white, \$2; sepia, \$3; water colors, \$2.50. Take advantage of this opportunity; it will not be repeated. New Era Portrait Company, No. 506 South Broadway.

Rev. A. C. Smith will give a stereopticon lecture on the early life of Christ at the First Christian Church tomorrow night, at 7:30 o'clock.

Y.W.C.A., 2114 West Second street, Sunday gospel service, January 16, at 4:15 p.m., will be led by Mrs. Z. L. Furness. All women invited.

Ladies, don't fail to see those new \$3 vesting top shoes at Waterman's, 122 South Spring. You can't match them for \$1 elsewhere.

Spur-the-finish cabinet photos reduced to \$1 and \$1.50 per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 255 South Main street.

Dr. Munk has removed his office to No. 353 Broadway. Telephone Green 425.

Bishop John P. Newman preaches at Simpson Church Sunday morning.

Save \$1 today by buying a pair of Waterman's \$3 shoes, 122 South Spring. Class for beginners in physical culture at Y.W.C.A., Monday, 4:15 p.m.

Pacific Cycle Company, 217 West Second street.

An exposure of the trickery of "spirit mediums" is promised by Charles Tomlinson at Illinois Hall, Sixth street and Broadway, Sunday night.

On motion of United States District Attorney Frank A. Arnold, made before Judge Welborn yesterday, Ross G. Hickey was admitted to practice in the District Federal Court.

In the foreclosure case of Crane against Buckley and others, Judge Welborn of the United States District Court yesterday appointed F. A. Stevenson as special examiner to take evidence.

The application for writ of habeas corpus in the case of Augustus E. Peck, the ex-postal clerk, who wants to get out of jail, was submitted without argument in the District Court yesterday.

In the Midwinter Number of The Times is an interesting article on almond culture in a recognized authority, A. R. Sprague, president of the Southern California Almond-Growers' Association.

Gavino Golunga, a Mexican and an old offender, was arrested by Officer Talamantes on New High street last night on a charge of petty larceny.

Golunga had a new broom in his possession, which he could not account for.

The Anheuser Café and the adjoining swimming baths, extending from Spring street to Broadway, between Second and Third, were sold by the Sheriff on Thursday to Al Zolner, who has leased the property to George Bernhard of the Palace. Mr. Bernhard will entirely renovate the place and conduct it as the Café Bernhard.

Revival meetings are in progress at the Bethesda Presbyterian Church at the corner of Ninth street and Central avenue. Rev. J. N. Russell, pastor of the church, has conducted the meetings up to this time. The Rev. Thomas P. Boyd of Portland, Or., will arrive this morning to assist Rev. Russell with the work, and remain for two weeks.

Most Rev. P. W. Riordan, archbishop of San Francisco, will deliver a lecture on "The Church and Holy Scriptures" at the Los Angeles Theatre, Wednesday evening, January 19, under the auspices of the Catholic Truth Society. The public is invited to attend the lecture, to which admission will be free. A musical programme will precede the lecture.

The oranges at the County Farm, according to reports received from that place, have received little damage by frost. Fruit along the southerly edge of the grove suffered most. Four carloads of oranges have already been shipped from there, and a representative of a fruit exchange who visited the place a few days ago said the grove would yield three carloads more.

AN EMINENT DIVINE.

Bishop Newman to Visit the City on Sunday Next.

Rev. Bishop John P. Newman, D.D., LL.D., of the Methodist Episcopal Church, will arrive here this morning from San Francisco to preside over the Los Angeles District Conference of Southern California.

Both as a divine and as a man of public affairs, Bishop Newman has achieved distinction. He was for many years pastor of the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal Church in Washington, D.C., and in that capacity became the friend of many of the great men who have served the nation at the capital during the past decade.

He was the spiritual adviser of Ulysses S. Grant when he was President of the United States, and was by him appointed inspector of United States consuls. In pursuance of his duties in this position Bishop Newman made a tour of the world, devoting much of his leisure time to the study of the various forms of religion met with in his journeyings. He returned to America and was at the bedside of Gen. Grant during the ex-President's last illness.

Dr. Newman was made a bishop of the Methodist Church in 1888, and is now the resident bishop of California. His only public engagement announced is at Simpson Church at the Sunday morning service, when he will relieve the pastor of that congregation.

A Tenderfoot's Defense.

A young man answering to the name of Had Henderson, lately arrived from the State of Maine, was fined \$5 yesterday by Justice Morrison for carrying a concealed weapon. Henderson had a pair of brass knuckles on his person when arrested by Officer Ziegler.

He also had \$20.35 in his pocket. Henderson explained to the court that he heard that the Californians were a hard lot when he started for this State, and as he had a little money he provided the brass knuckles with which to defend himself against robbers. Henderson also took the precaution of hoarding his wealth by staying at the Good Samaritan Hotel, where the price of a night's lodging is only 5 cents.

Star and Crescent.

The Star and Crescent Literary Society gave an entertainment in the High School auditorium yesterday afternoon. The programme included a mandolin-guitar duo by Paul Brown and Maud Hill, solo by Agnes Stephens, calisthenics by Miss Scott, music by the mandolin and guitar club, the school and a burlesque on the verapoe.

Well-known Author Dead.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—Rev. C. H. Dobson, whose novel de plume is Louis Carroll, author of "Alice in Wonderland," is dead.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



MME. VIGIER'S TROUBLES.

Resisting a Writ of Ejectment May Cost Her Dearest.

Mme. Virginia Vigier, a corpulent French matron, in a sore distress because she defied the mandates of the law, Mme. Vigier occupied apartments at No. 627 New High street, for which she was in arrears for rent. As she would not settle with the owner of the property, a writ of ejectment was issued by Justice William Young, and Deputy Constable Osborne attempted to serve it. Mme. Vigier, however, put the minion of the law to flight, and more hostile than before, she snatched the paper from Mugnemi's hands, she tore it into fragments. At the same time she fell upon the representative of the law, and he was even more hostile than before, and she snatched the paper from Mugnemi's hands, she tore it into fragments. At the same time she fell upon the representative of the law, and he was even more hostile than before, and she snatched the paper from Mugnemi's hands, she tore it into fragments.

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Sousa's latest march, "The Bride Elect," will be rendered to night for the first time in Los Angeles.

Overcoats.

\$7.55.

Just as good as any coat you ever bought at regular price for \$15, but we never sold them for that. We marked them \$15.50 to be under everybody else. Now they're reduced to \$7.55. Black and rich navy blue Kersey, Beavers and Meltons, serge body lining, 60 to 70 sleeve linings, chambray-cloth pockets, velvet collar and above all, well tailored. If you're hard to fit we'll make any necessary alterations. No charge. Every other coat reduced in proportion.

Ladies' Kid Gloves.

Misses' Kid Gloves.

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